# PETITION FOR CHANGE OF NAME OF MINOR CHILD(REN)



Clay County Clerk of Court and Comptroller, Tara S. Green

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

- I. Forms Checklist
- II. Special Instructions To The Petitioner For Name Changes
- III. Family Law Forms, Commentary, And Instructions General Information For Self-Represented Litigants
- IV. 12.928 Cover Sheet For Family Court Cases
- V. 12.982(c) Petition For Change Of Name (Minor Child(ren))
- VI. 12.900(h) Notice Of Related Cases
- VII. 12.902(d) Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction And Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) Affidavit
- VIII. Report Of Legal Change Of Name
- IX. Name Change Report Of Final Judgment
- X. 12.902(i) Affidavit Of Corroborating Witness
- XI. 12.982(d) Consent For Change Of Name (Minor Child(ren))
- XII. 12.982(e) Final Judgment Of Change Of Name (Minor Child(ren))
- XIII. 12.910(a) Summons: Personal Service On An Individual
- XIV. 12.910(b) Process Service Memorandum
- XV. 12.913(a)(2) Notice Of Action For Family Cases With Minor Child(ren)
- XVI. 12.913(b) Affidavit Of Diligent Search And Inquiry
- XVII. List Of Confidential Documents
- XVIII. Notice Of Confidential Information Within Court Filing
- XIX. Motion To Determine The Confidentiality Of Trial Court Records
- XX. Order On Motion To Determine Trial Court Records Confidential Pursuant To Florida Rule Of Judicial Administration 2.4209(C)(9)
- XXI. Designation of E-Mail Address by a Party Not Represented by an Attorney

# FAMILY COURT SERVICES 825 North Orange Avenue, Room 103 Green Cove Springs, FL 32043

# CHECKLIST FOR: PETITION FOR CHANGE OF NAME (MINOR CHILD(REN))

You may obtain the following forms at:

www.flcourts.org - (select) - Self Help, Family Law Forms

Or

Purchase this packet in the Clerk's Office Room 1049

# ALL FORMS MUST BE COMPLETED TO START YOUR CASE

# □ Form 12.982(c)

- Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren))
  - **NOTE**: If more than one child needs a name change, you **must** file a completed **Supplemental Form** for each additional child listed in the Petition. The form can be found at the end of the petition form.
- □ Form 12.900(h)
  - $\circ~$  Notice of Related Cases
- □ Form 12.902(d)

• Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act Affidavit (UCCJEA)

Proof of County Residency

Florida Driver's License or Identification Card, Voter Registration Card; OR

- Form 12.902(i) Affidavit of Corroborating Witness
- □ <u>Birth Certificate(s)</u>
  - Certified copy of child(ren)'s birth certificate(s)
- □ <u>FINGERPRINTS</u>
  - o Petitioner(s) must have fingerprints done by Sheriff's Office

 Payment to 'FL Dept. of Law Enforcement' for State and National Criminal Records Check

- Results will be filed with the Clerk by FDLE
- □ Consent or Proof of Service
  - Form 12.982(d), Consent for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren))
    - If the legal parent of one of the included children is not a Petitioner, s/he must consent to the name change. [They must sign this form.]
  - Proof of Service to Other Party by Sheriff Return/Private Process Server
    - Form 12.910(a) Summons: Service on an Individual
    - Form 12.910(b) Process Service Memorandum

□ If the legal parent of one of the included children is not a Petitioner and s/he does not consent to the change of name, he/she must be notified by personal service.

- Proof of Service to Other Party by Publication
  - Form 12.913(a)(2) Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Children

• Form 12.913(b) – Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry

□ If the legal parent of one of the included children is not a Petitioner and his/her whereabouts are unknown, they must be notified of your filing by **constructive service**. In order to use constructive service, you will need

to complete and submit to the court the Affidavit of Diligent Search, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(b).

- □ <u>Form DH-427</u> (available at FL Dept. of Health Bureau of Vital Statistics website)
  - Report of Legal Change of Name (must be **typed**)
- □ Form 12.982(e)
  - Final Judgment of Change of Name (Minor Child(ren))
- □ Six (6) stamped standard no.10 envelopes

# **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Fully complete the above forms.
- 2. Make sure your forms are notarized.
- 3. Make two (2) copies of each form.
- 4. File your original documents, completed and notarized in: Room 1049 Civil Clerk.
- 5. The Clerk's Office will issue the Summons.

# HOW TO SERVE THE OTHER PARTY...

# □ Proof of Service using the Clay County Sheriff's Office:

Bring the following COMPLETED form to Room 1049 (Civil Clerk's Office) for a clerk to sign:

- Form 12.910(a) Personal Summons

Once the Summons is issued by the clerk, take the following to the Sheriff's Office:

- (1) Copies of Filed Forms
- (2) Summons (Form 12.910(a)) as issued by the Civil Clerk
- (3) Process Service Memorandum (Form 12.910(b))
- (4) \$40.00 service fee to the Sheriff's Civil Process Unit

# Clay County Sheriff's Civil Process Unit

825 North Orange Avenue, Room 101

Green Cove Springs, FL 32043

(904) 213-6020

# □ Proof of Service using Sheriff's Office OUTSIDE of Clay County

If the other party lives outside of Clay County, **YOU MUST** mail or physically take your copied documents **including** the Summons; to the Sheriff's Office in the city/county/state where the other party lives.

You should contact the Sheriff's Office to determine the service fee, number of copies needed, and any other items they may require such as a self-addressed stamped envelope. If the other Party resides in Duval County, the Jacksonville Sheriff's Civil Process Unit is located at:

5<sup>TH</sup> Floor, Duval County Courthouse

Rm. 5141 Office Hours; 8AM-4PM Office Phone Number; 904-255-2470

FCS Checklist 4/20/2021

# SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS TO THE PETITIONER FOR NAME CHANGES

THE FOLLOWING FINGERPRINT DATA SHEET IS REQUIRED BY THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT LAW ENFORCEMENT (FDLE) TO HAVE STATE AND NATIONAL CRIMINAL RECORD CHECKS IN FILING A PETITION FOR NAME CHANGES. THIS PROCESS MUST BE COMPLETED BEFORE A HEARING CAN BE SET.

PLEASE COMPLETE THESE INSTRUCTIONS:

- GO TO CLAY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE (CCSO) WITH THE ENCLOSED FINGERPRINT DATA SHEET AND YOUR PHOTO I.D. DURING NORMAL HOURS OF OPERATION MONDAY – FRIDAY FROM 8:00 – 11:00 A.M. AND 2:00 – 4:00 P.M. FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT CCSO FINGERPRINTING CALL (904) 213-6090.
   YOU MAY ALSO USE A THIRD PARTY SERVICE PROVIDER IF THEY HAVE THE CAPABILITY TO SUBMIT FINGERPRINTS ELECTRONICALLY TO FDLE. A LIST OF SERVICE PROVIDERS IS AVAILABLE AT: <u>http://www.fdle.state.fl.us/Criminal-History-Records/Documents/ApplicantLivescanService-ProvidersVendors.aspx</u>. IT IS IMPORTANT TO KEEP THE ENCLOSED FINGERPRINT DATA SHEET AFTER YOUR FINGERPRINTS HAVE BEEN SUBMITTED AS IT CONTAINS THE TCN NUMBER NEEDED TO INPUT INTO THE FDLE WEBSITE FOR PROCESSING.
- 2. \*\*THERE IS A \$36.00 FEE CHARGED BY FDLE AND FBI FOR THIS PROCESS. THE PETITIONER IS TO PAY THIS FEE ONLINE AT: https://www.fdle.state.fl.us/caps AND CLICK ON CAPS (CIVIL APPLICANT PAYMENT SYSTEM). FDLE WILL NOT SEND THE RESULTS OF THE RECORD CHECKS TO THE CLERK OF COURTS UNTIL THIS FEE IS PAID. THE RESULTS MUST BE FILED WITH THE CLERK BEFORE A HEARING CAN BE SET.

\*\*THE SHERIFF'S OFFICE WILL NOT ACCEPT CHECKS FOR THE FDLE PROCESS FEE. THIS FEE MUST BE PAID ONLINE ONLY AT THE ABOVE WEBSITE IN PARAGRAPH #2 WITHIN 30 DAYS. IF THE FEE IS NOT PAID WITHIN THE 30 DAYS THEN THE FINGERPRINT CARD WILL NOT BE PROCESSED.\*\*

## FINGERPRINT DATA SHEET

NAME:\_\_\_\_\_

DATE:\_\_\_\_\_

CLAY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

(904) 213-6090

901 N. Orange Avenue

Green Cove Springs, FL 32043

ORI: FL923610Z

Clerk of the Circuit Court Clay County

825 North Orange Avenue

Green Cove Springs, FL 32043

TCN:\_\_\_\_\_

Exact Name Entry:\_\_\_\_\_

# FAMILY LAW FORMS, COMMENTARY, AND INSTRUCTIONS GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS (02/18)

You should read this General Information thoroughly before taking any other steps to file your case or represent yourself in court. Most of this information is not repeated in the attached forms. This information should provide you with an overview of the court system, its participants, and its processes. It should be useful whether you want to represent yourself in a pending matter or have a better understanding of the way family court works. This is not intended as a substitute for legal advice from an attorney. Each case has its own particular set of circumstances, and an attorney may advise you of what is best for you in your individual situation.

These instructions are not the only place that you can get information about how a family case works. You may want to look at other books for more help. The Florida Statutes, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, and other legal information or books may be found at the public library or in a law library at your county courthouse or a law school in your area. If you are filing a petition for **Name Change** and/or **Adoption**, these instructions may not apply.

If the word(s) is printed in **bold**, this means that the word is being emphasized. Throughout these instructions, you will also find words printed in **bold** and **underlined**. This means that the definitions of these words may be found in the glossary of common family law terms at the end of this general information section.

### Commentary

**1995 Adoption**. To help the many people in family law court cases who do not have attorneys to represent them (pro se litigants), the Florida Supreme Court added these simplified forms and directions to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. The directions refer to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure or the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Many of the forms were adapted from the forms accompanying the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Practitioners should refer to the committee notes for those forms for rule history.

The forms were adopted by the Court pursuant to *Family Law Rules of Procedure*, 667 So. 2d 202 (Fla. 1995); *In re Petition for Approval of Forms Pursuant to Rule 10-1.1(b) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Stepparent Adoption Forms*, 613 So. 2d 900 (Fla. 1992); *Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Approval of Forms*, 581 So. 2d 902 (Fla. 1991).

Although the forms are part of these rules, they are not all inclusive and additional forms, as necessary, should be taken from the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure as provided in Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. Also, the following notice has been included to strongly encourage individuals to seek the advice, when needed, of an attorney who is a member in good standing of the Florida Bar.

**1997 Amendment.** In 1997, the Florida Family Law Forms were completely revised to simplify and correct the forms. Additionally, the appendices were eliminated, the instructions contained in the appendices were incorporated into the forms, and the introduction following the Notice to Parties was created. Minor changes were also made to the Notice to Parties set forth below.

# NOTICE TO PARTIES WHO ARE NOT REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY WHO IS A MEMBER IN GOOD STANDING OF THE FLORIDA BAR

If you have questions or concerns about these forms, instructions, commentary, the use of the forms, or your legal rights, it is strongly recommended that you talk to an attorney. If you do not know an attorney, you should call the lawyer referral service listed in the yellow pages of the telephone book under "Attorney." If you do not have the money to hire an attorney, you should call the legal aid office in your area.

Because the law does change, the forms and information about them may have become outdated. You should be aware that changes may have taken place in the law or court rules that would affect the accuracy of the forms or instructions.

In no event will the Florida Supreme Court, The Florida Bar, or anyone contributing to the production of these forms or instructions be liable for any direct, indirect, or consequential damages resulting from their use.

## FAMILY LAW PROCEDURES

**Communication with the court.** <u>Ex parte</u> communication is communication with the judge with only one party present. Judges are not allowed to engage in ex parte communication except in very limited circumstances, so, absent specific authorization to the contrary, you should not try to speak with or write to the judge in your case unless the other <u>party</u> is present or has been properly notified. If you have something you need to tell the judge, you must ask for a <u>hearing</u> and give notice to the other party or file a written statement in the court file and send a copy of the written statement to the other party.

**Filing a case.** A case begins with the filing of a **<u>petition</u>**. A petition is a written request to the court for some type of legal action. The person who originally asks for legal action is called the **<u>petitioner</u>** and remains the petitioner throughout the case.

A petition is given to the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u>, whose office is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse. A case number is assigned and an official court file is opened. Delivering the petition to the clerk's office is called <u>filing</u> a case. A <u>filing fee</u> is usually required.

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file a petition or other pleadings, motions, and documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your petition electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the circuit within which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.** 

<u>Service of the original petition or supplemental petition</u>. When one party files a <u>petition</u>, <u>motion</u>, or other <u>pleading</u>, the other party must be "served" with a copy of the document. This means that the other party is given proper notice of the pending action(s) and any scheduled hearings. The person

against whom the original legal action is being requested is called the **respondent**, because he or she is expected to respond to the petition. The respondent remains the respondent throughout the case.

<u>Personal service</u> of the petition and summons on the respondent by a deputy sheriff or private process server is required in all <u>original petitions</u> and <u>supplemental petitions</u>, unless <u>constructive service</u> is permitted by law. Personal service may also be required in other actions by some judges.

**Constructive Service.** If you absolutely do not know where the other party to your case lives or if the other party resides in another state, you may be able to use <u>constructive service</u>; however, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief, which cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on constructive service, see **Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), **Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Child(ren)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), **Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), and **Affidavit of Diligent Search**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(c)... Additionally, if the other party is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, **Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

Forms for service of process are included in the Florida Family Law Forms, along with more detailed instructions and information regarding service. The instructions to those forms should be read **carefully** to ensure that you have properly served the other party. **If proper service is not obtained, the court cannot hear your case. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.** 

**Subsequent Service.** Other than the original or supplemental petitions, any time you file additional pleadings or motions in your case, you must provide a copy to the other party and include a <u>certificate</u> <u>of service.</u> Likewise, the other party must provide you with copies of everything that he or she files. If the other party is represented by an attorney, you should serve the attorney unless service upon the other party is required by the court.

**Electronic Service**. After the initial service of process of the petitioner or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. **You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration.** If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you **must** review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at <u>www.flcourts.org</u> through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

**SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO.** If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

**Default.** After being served with a petition or <u>counterpetition</u>, the other party has 20 days to file a response. If a response to a petition is not filed, the petitioner may file a **Motion for Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk. This means that you may proceed with your case and set a <u>final hearing</u>, and a <u>judge</u> will make a decision, even if the other party will not cooperate. For more information, see rule 12.080(c), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

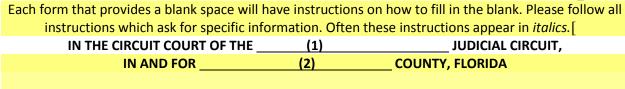
<u>Answer</u> and Counterpetition. After being served, the respondent has 20 days to file an answer admitting or denying each of the allegations contained in the petition. In addition to an answer, the respondent may also file a counterpetition. In a counterpetition, the respondent may request the same or some other relief or action not requested by the petitioner. If the respondent files a counterpetition, the petitioner should then file an **Answer to Counterpetition**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d), and either admit or deny the allegations in the respondent's counterpetition.

**Mandatory disclosure.** Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires each party in a **dissolution of marriage** to exchange certain information and documents, and file a **Family Law Financial Affidavit**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). Failure to make this required disclosure within the time required by the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure may allow the court to dismiss the case or to refuse to consider the pleadings of the party failing to comply. This requirement also must be met in other family law cases, **except** adoptions, simplified dissolutions of marriage, enforcement proceedings, contempt proceedings, and proceedings for injunctions for domestic or repeat violence. The **Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932, lists the documents that must be given to the other party. For more information see rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, and the instructions to the **Certificate of Compliance With Mandatory Disclosure**, and the instructions to the **Certificate of Compliance With Mandatory Disclosure**, and the instructions to the **Certificate of Compliance With Mandatory Disclosure**, and the instructions to the **Certificate of Compliance With Mandatory Disclosure**, and the instructions to the **Certificate of Compliance With Mandatory Disclosure**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932.

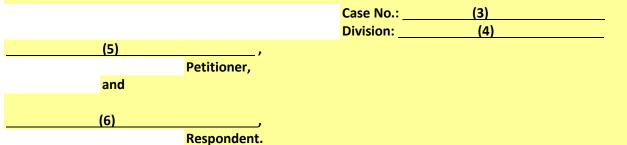
**Parenting Plan.** If your case involves minor or dependent child(ren), a **Parenting Plan** shall be approved or established by the court. **Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form, 12.995(a), **Safety-Focused Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(b), or **Relocation/Long Distance Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(c). The Parenting Plan shall be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by a court.

If the parents cannot agree, or if the agreed Parenting Plan is not approved, the court must establish a Parenting Plan. The Parenting Plan shall contain a time-sharing schedule and should address the issues regarding the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being. Setting a <u>hearing or trial</u>. Generally, the court will have hearings on motions, final hearings on <u>uncontested</u> or <u>default</u> cases, and trials on contested cases. Before setting your case for <u>final hearing</u> or trial, certain requirements such as completing mandatory disclosure and filing certain papers and having them served on the other party must be met. These requirements vary depending on the type of case and the procedures in your particular jurisdiction. For further information, you should refer to the instructions for the type of form you are filing. Next, you must obtain a hearing or trial date so that the court may consider your request. You should ask the clerk of court, or <u>family law intake staff</u> about the local procedure for setting a hearing or trial, which you should attend. These family law forms contain <u>orders</u> and <u>final judgments</u>, which the judge may use. You should ask the clerk of court or family law intake staff if you need to bring one of these forms with you to the hearing or trial. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

The shaded areas below explain different parts of family law forms. Although each form you use may not contain each part explained below, all forms contain a case style which identifies the judicial circuit and county in Florida in which the case is filed, the division within that circuit to which the case is assigned, the parties in the case, and the number of the case. Some, but not all, forms require that the person signing the form state under oath that what he or she claims in the form is true; those particular forms must be signed in the presence of either a deputy clerk of the court or a notary public who witnesses your signature before notarizing the form. Most forms contain a nonlawyer clause which requests certain information be provided by any person who is not licensed to practice law in the State of Florida who has helped you to complete the form.



?



- **Line 1** The clerk of court can tell you the number of your judicial circuit. Type or print it here.
- Line 2 Type or print your county name on line (2).
- **Line 3** If you are filing an initial petition or pleading, the Clerk of the Court will assign a case number after the case is filed. You should type or print this case number on all papers you file in this case.
- **Line 4** The clerk of the court can tell you the name of the division in which your case is being filed, and you should type or print it here. Divisions vary from court to court. For example, your case may be filed in the civil division, the family division, or the juvenile division.
- **Line 5** Type or print the legal name of the person who originally filed the case on line 5. This person is the petitioner because he/she is the one who filed the original petition.

**Line 6** Type or print the other party's legal name on line 6. The other party is the respondent because he/she is responding to the petition.

Some forms require that your signature be witnessed. If so, you must sign the form in the presence of a **notary public** or deputy clerk (employee of the clerk of the court's office). When signing the form, you must have a valid photo identification unless the notary knows you personally. You should completely fill in all lines (1 & 3–8) except 2 with the requested information, if applicable. **Line 2, the signature line**,

must be signed in the presence of the <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>.DO NOT SIGN OR FILL IN THE PART OF THE FORM WHICH ASKS FOR THE NOTARY'S OR CLERK'S SIGNATURE. This section of the form is to be completed by either the deputy clerk or the notary public who is witnessing your signature.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated: <u>(1)</u> (2)	(2)
(2)	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name:
	(3) Address:
(4)	Address:
(4)	
	City, State, Zip:(5)
	Telephone Number: <u>(6)</u>
	Fax Number:(7)
	Designated E-mail Address(es):(8)
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me	onby
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.}
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	

<u>Non-lawyer Clause.</u> The section below should be completed by anyone who helps you fill out these forms but is **not** an attorney who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar, which means that he or she is not licensed to practice law in Florida.

**IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:** [fill in **all** blanks] This form was prepared for the: *{either Petitioner or Respondent; or Husband or Wife}* This form was completed with the assistance of:

<pre>{name of individual}_</pre>	(1)		,
<pre>{name of business}</pre>	(2)		,
{address}	(3)		,
{city}(4)	,{state} <u>(5)</u>	, {zip code}(6),{telephone number} _(7)	<u> </u>

# Line 1The nonlawyer who helps you should type or print his or her name on line 1.Lines 2–7The nonlawyer's business name, address, (including street, city, state, zip code, and<br/>telephone number) should be typed or printed on lines 2–7.

In addition, a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), should be completed if a nonlawyer assists you. The disclosure is available as a family law form and should be completed before the nonlawyer helps you. This is to be sure that you understand the role and limitations of a nonlawyer. You and the nonlawyer should keep a copy of this disclosure for your records.

# FAMILY LAW GLOSSARY OF COMMON TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

# Note: The following definitions are intended to be helpful, BUT they are not intended to constitute legal advice or address every possible meaning of the term(s) contained in this glossary.

Affidavit - a written statement in which the facts stated are sworn or affirmed to be true.

**Alimony**-spousal support which may be ordered by the court in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage. Types of alimony include: bridge-the-gap, durational, rehabilitative, or retroactive, and may be either temporary or permanent. The court may order periodic payments, payments in lump sum, or both. In determining whether to award alimony, the court must determine whether either party has an actual need for alimony and whether the other party has the ability to pay. The court must consider the factors set forth in section 61.08, Florida Statutes, and must make certain written findings. An alimony award may not leave the paying party with significantly less net income than that of the receiving party without written findings of exceptional circumstances.

**Answer** - written response by a respondent that states whether he or she admits (agrees with) or denies (disagrees with) the allegations in the petition. Any allegations not specifically denied are considered to be admitted.

**Appeal** - asking a district court of appeal to review the decision in your case. There are strict procedural and time requirements for filing an appeal.

**Asset** - everything owned by you or your spouse, including property, cars, furniture, bank accounts, jewelry, life insurance policies, businesses, or retirement plans. An asset may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

**Attorney** - a person with special education and training in the field of law who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar and licensed to practice law in Florida. An attorney is the only person who is allowed to give you legal advice. An attorney may file your case and represent you in court, or just advise you of your rights before you file your own case. In addition to advising you of your rights, an attorney may tell you what to expect and help prepare you for court. In family law matters, you are not entitled to a court-appointed lawyer, like a public defender in a criminal case. However, legal assistance is often available for those who are unable to hire a private attorney. You may consult the yellow pages of the telephone directory for a listing of legal aid or lawyer referral services in your area, or ask your local clerk of court or family law intake staff what services are available in your area. You may also obtain information from the Florida Supreme Court's Internet site located at http://www.flcourts.org.

**Bond** - money paid to the clerk of court by one party in a case, to be held and paid to an enjoined party in the event that the first party causes loss or damage of property as a result of wrongfully enjoining the other party.

**Beneficiary Designation**-Florida law provides that a beneficiary designation made by or on behalf of a party providing for the payment or transference of an asset or benefit upon his or her death to the other spouse is void when the final judgment dissolving or declaring a marriage invalid is signed, unless the final judgment specifically states otherwise. Federal law and other statutory provisions may also apply. This includes, but is not limited to, such assets as life insurance policies, annuities, employee benefit plans, individual retirement accounts, and payable-on-death accounts. Whether or not to continue a beneficiary designation is a complex area of the law and you may wish to consult with an attorney.

**Bridge-the-Gap Alimony**-spousal support which is ordered to assist a party to make the transition from being married to being single. Bridge-the-Gap alimony is designed to assist a party with legitimate, identifiable short-time needs; its length cannot exceed two years and it cannot be modified.

**Central Depository**-the office of the clerk of court that is responsible for collecting and disbursing court ordered alimony and child support payments. The depository also keeps payment records and files judgments if support is not paid.

**Certificate of Service** - a document that must be filed whenever a form you are using does not contain a statement for you to fill in showing to whom you are sending copies of the form. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914 is the certificate of service form and contains additional instructions.

**Certified Copy** - a copy of an order or final judgment, certified by the clerk of the circuit court to be an authentic copy.

Certified Mail - mail which requires the receiving party to sign as proof that they received it.

**Child Support** - money paid from one parent to the other for the benefit of their dependent or minor child(ren).

**Clerk of the Circuit Court** - elected official in whose office papers are filed, a case number is assigned, and case files are maintained. The clerk's office usually is located in the county courthouse.

**Concurrent Custody**-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) means that an eligible extended family member is awarded custodial rights to care for a child or children concurrently with the child(ren)'s parent or parents.

**Constructive Service** - notification of the other party by newspaper publication or posting of notice at designated places when the other party cannot be located for personal service. You may also be able to use constructive service when the other party lives in another state. Constructive service is also called "service by publication." However, when constructive service is used, the relief the Court may grant is limited; that relief cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on service, see the instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Forms 12.910(a) and 12.913(b) and Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Forms 12.913(a)(1) and (2).

**Contested Issues** - any or all issues upon which the parties are unable to agree and which must be resolved by the judge at a hearing or trial.

**Contingent Asset** - an asset that you **may** receive or get later, such as income, tax refund, accrued vacation or sick leave, a bonus, or an inheritance.

**Contingent Liability** - a liability that you **may** owe later, such as payments for lawsuits, unpaid taxes, or debts that you have agreed or guaranteed to pay if someone else does not.

**Counterpetition** - a written request to the court for legal action, which is filed by a respondent after being served with a petition.

**Custody Order** – a judgment or order incorporating a Parenting Plan is a child custody determination for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, the International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 11601 et seq., the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act, and the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction enacted at the Hague on October 25, 1980.

**Default** - a failure of a party to respond to the pleading of another party. This failure to respond may allow the court to decide the case without input from the party who did not appear or respond.

Delinquent - late.

**Dependent Child(ren)** - child(ren) who depend on their parent(s) for support either because they are under the age of 18, have a mental or physical disability that prevents them from supporting themselves, or are in high school, between the ages of 18 and 19, and performing in good faith with a reasonable expectation of graduation before the age of 19.

**Deputy Clerk** - an employee of the office of the clerk of court, which is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse.

Dissolution of Marriage - divorce; a court action to end a marriage.

**Durational Alimony**-spousal support which is ordered to provide economic assistance for a set period of time following a marriage of short or moderate duration or following a marriage of long duration if there is no ongoing need for support on a permanent basis. Durational alimony terminates upon the death of either party or upon remarriage of the party receiving support. It may be modified or terminated, but cannot exceed the length of a marriage.

**Electronic Communication** – Contact, other than face-to-face contact, facilitated by tools such as telephones, electronic mail or email, webcams, video-conferencing equipment and software or other wired or wireless technologies, or other means of communication to supplement fact-to face contact between a parent and that parent's minor child.

**Enjoined** - prohibited by the court from doing a specific act.

**Ex Parte** - communication with the judge by only one party. In order for a judge to speak with either party, the other party must have been properly notified and have an opportunity to be heard. If you have something you wish to tell the judge, you should ask for a hearing or file information in the clerk of court's office, with certification that a copy was sent to the other party.

**Extended Family Member**-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) is a person who is either:

- 1) A relative of a minor child within the third degree by blood or marriage to the parent; OR
- 2) The stepparent of a minor child if the stepparent is currently married to the parent of the child and is not a party in a pending dissolution, separate maintenance, domestic violence, or other civil or criminal proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction involving one or both of the child's parents as an adverse party.

**Family Law Intake Staff** - a court's employee(s) who is (are) available to assist you in filing a family law case. Family law intake staff are not attorneys and cannot give legal advice. They may only assist you with filling out the form(s). Your local clerk's office can tell you if your county has such assistance available.

**Filing** - delivering a petition, response, motion, or other pleading in a court case to the clerk of court's office.

**Filing Fee** - an amount of money, set by law, that the petitioner must pay when filing a case. If you cannot afford to pay the fee, you must file an **Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status**, to ask the clerk to file your case without payment of the fee. This form can be obtained from the clerk's office.

Final Hearing - trial in your case.

**Financial Affidavit** - a sworn statement that contains information regarding your income, expenses, assets, and liabilities.

**Final Judgment** - a written document signed by a judge and recorded in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision in your case.

**Guardian ad Litem** - a neutral person who may be appointed by the court to evaluate or investigate your child's situation, and file a report with the court about what is in the best interests of your child(ren). Guardians do not "work for" either party. The guardian may interview the parties, visit their homes,

visit the child(ren)'s school(s) and speak with teachers, or use other resources to make their recommendation.

**Hearing** - a legal proceeding before a judge or designated officer (general magistrate or hearing officer) on a motion.

**Health Insurance**-coverage under a fee-for-service arrangement, health care maintenance organization, or preferred provider organization, and other types of coverage available to either parent, under which medical services could be provided to a minor or dependent child.

Judge - an elected official who is responsible for deciding matters on which you and the other parties in your case are unable to agree. A judge is a neutral person who is responsible for ensuring that your case is resolved in a manner which is fair, equitable, and legal. A judge is prohibited by law from giving you or the other party any legal advice, recommendations, or other assistance, and may not talk to either party unless both parties are present, represented, or at a properly scheduled hearing.

Judicial Assistant - the judge's personal staff assistant.

**Liabilities** - everything owed by you or your spouse, including mortgages, credit cards, or car loans. A liability may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

**Lump Sum Alimony** - money ordered to be paid by one spouse to another in a limited number of payments, often a single payment.

**Mandatory Disclosure** - items that must be disclosed by both parties except those exempted from disclosure by Florida Family Law Rule 12.285.

**Marital Asset** - generally, anything that you and/or your spouse acquired or received (by gift or purchase) during the marriage. For example, something you owned before your marriage **may** be nonmarital. An asset may only be determined to be marital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

**Marital Liability** - generally, any debt that you and/or your spouse incurred during the marriage. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

**Mediator** - a person who is trained and certified to assist parties in reaching an agreement before going to court. Mediators do not take either party's side and are not allowed to give legal advice. They are only responsible for helping the parties reach an agreement and putting that agreement into writing. In some areas, mediation of certain family law cases may be required before going to court.

Modification - a change made by the court in an order or final judgment.

Motion - a request made to the court, other than a petition.

**No Contact** - a court order directing a party not speak to, call, send mail to, visit, or go near his or her spouse, ex-spouse, child(ren), or other family member.

Nonlawyer - a person who is not a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.

**Nonmarital Asset** - generally, anything owned separately by you or your spouse. An asset may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

**Nonmarital Liability** - generally, any debt that you or your spouse incurred before your marriage or since your separation. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonparty - a person who is not the petitioner or respondent in a court case.

Notary Public - a person authorized to witness signatures on court related forms.

**Obligee** - a person to whom money, such as child support or alimony, is owed.

**Obligor** - a person who is ordered by the court to pay money, such as child support or alimony.

**Order** - a written decision, signed by a judge and filed in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision on part of your case, usually on a motion.

#### Original Petition - see Petition.

**Parenting Course** - a class that teaches parents how to help their child(ren) cope with divorce and other family issues.

**Parenting Plan** – a document created to govern the relationship between the parents relating to the decisions that must be made regarding the minor child(ren). The Parenting Plan must contain a time-sharing schedule for the parents and child(ren) and shall address the issues concerning the minor child(ren). The issues concerning the minor child(ren) may include, but are not limited to, the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being. In creating the Plan, all circumstances between the parents, including their historic relationship, domestic violence, and other factors must be taken into consideration. The Parenting Plan must be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by the court. If the parents cannot agree to a Parenting Plan, or if the parents agreed to a plan that is not approved by the court, a Parenting Plan will be established by the court with or without the use of **parenting plan recommendations**.

**Parenting Plan Recommendation** – A nonbinding recommendation concerning one or more elements of a Parenting Plan made by a court-appointed mental health practitioner or other professional designated pursuant to either section 61.20 or 61.401, Florida Statutes, or Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.363.

Party - a person involved in a court case, either as a petitioner or respondent.

**Paternity Action** - A lawsuit used to determine whether a designated individual is the father of a specific child or children.

**Payor** - an employer or other person who provides income to an obligor.

**Permanent Alimony** - spousal support ordered to provide for the needs and necessities of life as they were established during the marriage for a party who lacks the financial ability to meet his or her needs and necessities after dissolution of marriage. Permanent alimony is paid at a specified, periodic rate until: modification by a court order; the death of either party; or the remarriage of the party receiving alimony, whichever occurs first. Permanent alimony requires consideration of the factors set forth in section 61.08(2), Florida Statutes, and must include certain written findings by the court.

**Personal Service** - when a summons and a copy of a petition (or other pleading) that has been filed with the court are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server to the other party. Personal service is required for all petitions and supplemental petitions.

Petition - a written request to the court for legal action, which begins a court case.

**Petitioner** - the person who originally files a petition that begins a court case. The Petitioner remains the Petitioner throughout the duration of the case.

**Pleading** - a formal, written statement of exactly what a party wants the court to do in a lawsuit or court action.

Pro Se or Self-Represented Litigant - a person who appears in court without the assistance of a lawyer.

#### Pro Se Coordinator - see Family Law Intake Staff.

**Rehabilitative Alimony** - spousal support ordered to be paid for a limited period of time to allow one of the parties an opportunity to complete a plan of education or training, according to a rehabilitative plan accepted by the court, so that he or she may better support himself or herself after dissolution of marriage.

**Relocation**- a change in the location of the principal residence of a parent or other person in accordance with section 61.13001, Florida Statutes.

**Respondent** - the person who is served with a petition requesting some legal action against him or her. The Respondent remains the Respondent throughout the duration of the case.

Scientific Paternity Testing - a medical test to determine the biological father of a child

**Service** - the delivery of legal documents to a party. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

**Shared Parental Responsibility** - an arrangement under which both parents have full parental rights and responsibilities for their child(ren), and the parents make major decisions affecting the welfare of the child(ren) jointly. Shared Parental Responsibility is presumptive in Florida.

**Sole Parental Responsibility** - a parenting arrangement under which the responsibility for the minor child(ren) is given to one parent by the court, with or without rights of time-sharing to the other parent.

**State Disbursement Unit**- the unit established and operated by the Title IV-D agency to provide one central address for the collection and disbursement of child support payments made in both Department of Revenue and non-Department of Revenue cases, in which the obligation is paid through an income deduction order.

**Supervised Time-Sharing**- a parenting arrangement under which time-sharing between a parent and his or her child(ren) is supervised by either a friend, family member, or a supervised visitation center.

**Supplemental Petition** - a petition that may be filed by either party after the judge has made a decision in a case and a final judgment or order has been entered. For example, a supplemental petition may be used to request that the court modify the previously entered final judgment or order.

**Supportive Relationship-**a relationship, defined in section 61.14(1)(b)1, Florida Statutes, existing between an obligee who receives alimony and a person with whom that obligee resides.

**Time-Sharing Schedule** – a timetable that must be included in the Parenting Plan that specifies the time, including overnights and holidays that a minor child or children will spend with each parent. The time-sharing schedule shall either be developed and agreed to by the parents of a minor child or children and is approved by the court, or established by the court if the parents cannot agree, or if their agreed-upon schedule is not approved by the court.

Trial - the final hearing in a contested case.

**Uncontested** - any and all issues on which the parties are able to agree and which are part of a marital settlement agreement.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.928 COVER SHEET FOR FAMILY COURT CASES (10/21)

# When should this form be used?

The Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases and the information contained in it does not replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other documents as required by law. This form shall be filed by the petitioner/party opening or reopening a case for the use of the <u>clerk of the</u> <u>circuit court</u> for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data pursuant to Florida Statutes section 25.075.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. The petitioner must <u>file</u> this cover sheet with the first pleading or motion filed to open or reopen a case in all domestic and juvenile cases.

# What should I do next?

Follow these instructions for completing the form:

- I. Case Style. Enter the name of the court, the appropriate case number assigned at the time of filing of the original petition, the name of the judge assigned (if applicable), and the name (last, first, middle initial) of the petitioner(s) and respondent(s).
- II. Type of Action /Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are filing more than one type of proceeding, (such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding) against the same party at the same time, then you must complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed.
  - (A) Initial Action/Petition
  - (B) Reopening Case. If you check "Reopening Case," indicate whether you are filing a modification or supplemental petition or an action for enforcement by placing a check beside the appropriate action/petition.
  - 1. Modification/Supplemental Petition
  - 2. Motion for Civil Contempt/ Enforcement
  - 3. Other All reopening actions not involving modification/supplemental petitions or petition enforcement.
- III. Type of Case. Place a check beside the appropriate case. If the case fits more than one category, select the most definitive. Definitions of the categories are provided below.
  - (A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage- petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.105.
  - (B) Dissolution of Marriage petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Chapter 61, Florida Statutes, other than simplified dissolution.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (10/21)

- (C) Domestic Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against domestic violence pursuant to section 741.30, Florida Statutes.
- (D) Dating Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against dating violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (E) Repeat Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against repeat violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (F) Sexual Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against sexual violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (G) Stalking-all matters relating to injunctions for protection against stalking pursuant to section 784.0485, Florida Statutes
- (H) Support IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has been filed with the Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement under Title IV-D, Social Security Act, except for such matters relating to dissolution of marriage petitions (sections 409.2564, 409.2571, and 409.2597, Florida Statutes), paternity, or UIFSA.
- (I) Support-Non IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (J) UIFSA- IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (K) UIFSA Non IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (L) Other Family Court all matters involving time-sharing and/or parenting plans relating to minor child(ren), support unconnected with dissolution of marriage, annulment, delayed birth certificates pursuant to Florida Statutes section 382.0195, expedited affirmation of parental status pursuant to Florida Statutes section 742.16, termination of parental rights proceedings pursuant to Florida Statutes section 63.087, declaratory judgment actions related to premarital, marital, post-marital agreements, or other matters not included in the categories above.
- (M) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 63, Florida Statutes, excluding any matters arising out of Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (N) Name Change all matters relating to name change, pursuant to section 68.07, Florida Statutes.
- (O) Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity all matters relating to paternity pursuant to Chapter 742, Florida Statutes.
- (P) Juvenile Delinquency all matters relating to juvenile delinquency pursuant to Chapter 985, Florida Statutes.
- (Q) Petition for Dependency all matters relating to petitions for dependency.
- (R) Shelter Petition all matters relating to shelter petitions pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (S) Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to termination of parental rights pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (T) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (U) CINS/FINS all matters relating to children in need of services (and families in need of services) pursuant to Chapter 984, Florida Statutes.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (10/21)

- (V) Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family-all matters relating to petitions for temporary or concurrent custody pursuant to Chapter 751.
- (W) Emancipation of a Minor-all matters relating to emancipation of a minor pursuant to Chapter 743.

**ATTORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE.** Sign the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Print legibly the name of the person signing the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Attorneys must include a Florida Bar number. Insert the date the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases is signed. Signature is a certification that filer has provided accurate information on the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases.

**Nonlawyer** Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

A copy of this form must be filed with the court and served on the other party or his or her attorney. The copy you are serving to the other party must be either mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to the opposing party or his or her attorney on the same day indicated on the certificate of service. If it is mailed, it must be postmarked on the date indicated in the certificate of service.

### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING**

The Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically;** however, they are not required to do so. If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION**

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (10/21)

**SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO.** If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

# Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** For further information, see Rule 12.100, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

# **COVER SHEET FOR FAMILY COURT CASES**

I. Case Style

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.:	
Judge:	

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

- II. Type of Action/Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are filing more than one type of proceeding (such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding) against the same party at the same time, then you must complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed. If you are reopening a case, choose one of the three options below it.
  - (A) \_\_\_\_\_ Initial Action/Petition
  - (B) \_\_\_\_\_ Reopening Case
    - 1. \_\_\_\_\_ Modification/Supplemental Petition
    - 2. \_\_\_\_ Motion for Civil Contempt/Enforcement
    - 3. \_\_\_\_ Other
- **III.** Type of Case. If the case fits more than one type of case, select the most definitive.
  - (A) \_\_\_\_\_ Simplified Dissolution of Marriage
  - (B) \_\_\_\_\_ Dissolution of Marriage
  - (C) \_\_\_\_\_ Domestic Violence
  - (D) \_\_\_\_ Dating Violence
  - (E) \_\_\_\_\_ Repeat Violence
  - (F) \_\_\_\_\_ Sexual Violence
  - (G) \_\_\_\_\_ Stalking
  - (H) \_\_\_\_\_ Support IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)
  - (I) \_\_\_\_\_ Support Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)
  - (J) \_\_\_\_\_ UIFSA IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)
  - (K) \_\_\_\_\_ UIFSA Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)
  - (L) \_\_\_\_\_ Other Family Court
  - (M) \_\_\_\_\_ Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63
  - (N) \_\_\_\_\_ Name Change

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (10/21)

- (O) \_\_\_\_\_ Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity
- (P) \_\_\_\_\_ Juvenile Delinquency
- (Q) \_\_\_\_\_ Petition for Dependency
- (R) \_\_\_\_\_ Shelter Petition
- (S) \_\_\_\_\_ Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of Chapter 39
- (T) \_\_\_\_\_ Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39
- (U) \_\_\_\_ CINS/FINS
- (V) \_\_\_\_\_ Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family
- (W) \_\_\_\_\_ Emancipation of a Minor
- IV. Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Family Law Form 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-represented litigant in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases and initial pleading/petition?
  - \_\_\_\_\_ No, to the best of my knowledge, no related cases exist.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ Yes, all related cases are listed on Family Law Form 12.900(h).

#### ATTORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE

I CERTIFY that the information I have provided in this cover sheet is accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief.

<b>C</b> :	gn	~ +		
<b>N</b>	ρn	ы	ш	rе
5	יימ	u.	. 0	· ~

FL Bar No.:

(Bar number, if attorney)

(Type or print name)

Attorney or party

(E-mail Address(es))

Date

### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS

BELC	)W:	[fill	in	all	blanks	5]	

. ,			
This form was prepared for the: {choose only one}	Petitioner	Respondent	
This form was completed with the assistance of:			
{name of individual}			

{name of business} \_\_\_\_\_

{address}

{city} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {state} \_\_\_\_\_, {zip code} \_\_\_\_\_, {telephone number} \_\_\_\_\_\_.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.982(c) PETITION FOR CHANGE OF NAME (MINOR CHILD(REN)) (02/18)

# When should this form be used?

This form should be used when parents want the court to change the name of their minor child(ren). For the purposes of this proceeding, a person under the age of 18 is a minor. This form is not to be used in connection with an adoption, dissolution of marriage, or **paternity action**. If you want a change of name for your child(ren) because of an adoption or paternity action that is not yet final, the change of name should be requested as part of that case.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink and must be signed before a notary public or deputy clerk. You should file the original with the clerk of the circuit court, in the county where you live and keep a copy for your records. The <u>Petition</u> should only be completed by one Petitioner for one child. If you wish to change the name of more than one child or if there is more than one Petitioner, you should complete and file a Supplemental Form for Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child) for each child and/or a Supplemental Form for Petition for Change of Name. The supplemental form(s) is an attachment to the petition. Be sure that the bottom of each page of each supplemental form is initialed by the petitioner(s).

### What should I do next?

Unless you are seeking to restore a former name, each adult petitioner(s)'s fingerprints must be submitted for a state and national criminal history records check. The fingerprints must be taken in a manner approved by the Department of Law Enforcement. The fingerprints must be submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement for a state and national criminal history records check. The Petitioner(s) may not request a hearing on the Petition until the copy of the fingerprints are filed and the clerk of court has received the results of the criminal history records check. The clerk of court can instruct you on the process for having the fingerprints taken and submitted, including information on law enforcement agencies or service providers authorized to submit fingerprints electronically to the Department of Law Enforcement. The process may take several weeks and the parent or guardian of the minor must pay the cost of processing the fingerprints and conducting the state and national history records check. Please note that the state and national criminal records check must indicate whether you have registered as either a sexual predator or a sexual offender and you must also indicate on this petition whether you have ever been required to register as a sexual predator under section 775.21, Florida Statutes, or as a sexual offender under section 943.0435, Florida Statutes.

If **both** parents agree to the change of name and live in the county where the change of name is

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

sought, you may both file as **petitioners**. In this situation, **service** is not necessary, and you need only to set a **hearing**. You should ask the clerk of court, **family law intake staff**, or **judicial assistant** about the local procedure for setting a hearing.

If only one parent is a resident of the county where the change of name(s) is sought **or** only one parent asks for the child(ren)'s name(s) to be changed, the other parent must be notified and his or her consent obtained, if possible. If the other parent consents to the change of name, a **Consent for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren))**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(d), should be filed.

If the other parent does not consent to the change of name, you may still have a hearing on the petition **if** you have properly notified the other parent about your petition and the hearing. If you know where he or she lives, you must use **personal service**. If you absolutely do not know where he or she lives, you may use **constructive service**. For more information about personal and constructive service, you should refer [to] the **"General Instructions for Self-Represented Litigants"** found at the beginning of these forms and the instructions to Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Forms 12.910(a) and 12.913(b) and Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a). However, the law regarding constructive service is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding that issue.

Next, you must obtain a <u>final hearing</u> date for the court to consider your request. If you are seeking to restore a former name, a hearing on the petition MAY be held immediately after the petition is filed. The final hearing on any other petition for a name change may be held immediately after the clerk of court receives the results of your criminal history records check. You should ask the clerk of court, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant about the local procedure for setting a hearing. You may be required to attend the hearing. Included in these forms is a **Final Judgment of Change of Name (Minor Child(ren))**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(e), which may be used when a judge grants a change of name for a minor child(ren). If you attend the hearing, you should take the final judgment with you. You should complete the top part of the form, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the name(s) of the petitioner(s) and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete. It should be typed or printed in black ink.

If the judge grants your petition, he or she will sign this **<u>order</u>**. This officially changes your child(ren)'s name(s). The clerk can provide you with <u>**certified copies**</u> of the signed order. There will be charges for the certified copies, and the clerk can tell you the amount of the charges.

### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** For further information, see section 68.07, Florida Statutes.

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING**

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.** 

### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION**

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

**SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO.** If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

### Special notes...

The heading of the form calls for the name(s) of the **petitioner(s)**. This means the parent(s) who is (are) requesting the change of their child(ren)'s name(s). The judicial circuit, case number, and division may be obtained from the clerk of court's office when you file the petition.

It may be helpful to compile a list of all of the people and places that will need a copy of the final

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

judgment. This list may include the driver's license office, social security office, banks, schools, etc. A list will help you know how many copies of your order you should get from the clerk of court after your hearing.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	
IN AND FOR	

JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_\_
Division: \_\_\_\_\_\_

IN RE: THE NAME CHANGE OF

Petitioner,

Petitioner.

# PETITION FOR CHANGE OF NAME (MINOR CHILD(REN))

I/We, {full legal name(s)} \_\_\_\_\_\_, being sworn, certify that the following information is true:

# I am/We are the birth or legal parent(s) or guardian of the minor child(ren) named in this petition. [Choose only one]

\_\_\_\_\_ There is only one minor child named in this petition.

\_\_\_\_\_ There are *{enter number of children}* \_\_\_\_\_ children named in this petition. The information on the first child is entered below. I/We have attached the completed supplemental forms for each other child.

The adult petitioner(s)'s fingerprints have been taken in a manner approved by the Department of Law Enforcement and submitted for a state and national criminal history records check. I /We understand that I/we cannot request a hearing on my/our Petition until the clerk of court receives the results of the criminal history records check. I/we also understand that the state and national records check must indicate whether I/we have registered as either a sexual predator or a sexual offender.

A. THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT CHILD # <u>1</u>:

1. The minor child's complete present name is:

I/We request that this minor child's name be changed to:

2. The minor child lives in \_\_\_\_\_ County, Florida, at {street address} \_\_\_\_\_

3. The minor child was born on {*date*}\_\_\_\_\_, in {*city, county, state, country*}\_\_\_\_\_

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

4. The minor child's parents' full legal names are:

b. \_\_\_\_\_.

a. \_\_\_\_\_\_ and

- c. {If applicable} The minor child's parents' maiden name(s) is/are: \_\_\_\_\_ and\_\_\_\_\_
- 5. The minor child has lived in the following places since birth:

	Dates (to/from)	Address	
	/		
	/		
	/		
	/		
	/		
	( Please indicat	e here if you are continuing these facts on an attached page.)	
6.	[Choose <b>one</b> only] The minor chi	d is not married.	
	The minor ch	ld is married to: { <i>full legal name</i> }	

7. [Choose one only] \_\_\_\_\_The minor child has no children.

The minor child is the parent of the following child(ren):

**Name** {last, first, middle initial} Date of Birth

Please indicate here if you are continuing these facts on an attached page.)

#### 8. Former names.

[Indicate **all** that apply]

The minor child's name has never been changed by a court.

\_\_\_\_\_The minor child's name previously was changed **by court order** from \_\_\_\_\_\_

to \_\_\_\_\_\_ on {date}\_\_\_\_\_ by {court, city, and state} \_\_\_\_\_\_

A copy of the court order is attached.

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

	•	,	<b>.</b>	0	
to			on <i>{date}</i>		,
in { <i>city, county, a</i>	nd state}				
A conv of the marriage	cortificato ic	attachad			

A copy of the marriage certificate is attached.

\_\_\_\_\_The minor child has never been known or called by any other name.

\_\_\_\_\_The minor child has been known or called by the following other name(s): {list name(s) and explain where child was known or called by such name(s)}

9. The minor child is not employed in an occupation or profession, does not own and operate a business, and has received no educational degrees. If the minor child has a job, explain:

#### 10. Criminal History

[Indicate all that apply]

- The minor child has never been arrested for or charged with, pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or been found to have committed a criminal offense, regardless of adjudication.
- The minor child has a criminal history. In the past, the minor child was arrested for or charged with, pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or been found to have committed a criminal offense, regardless of adjudication. The details of the criminal history are:

Date City/State Event (arrest, charge, plea, or adjudication)

\_\_\_\_\_ Please indicate here if you are continuing these facts on an attached page.)

\_\_\_\_\_ The minor child \_\_\_\_\_ has \_\_\_\_\_has not ever been required to register as a sexual predator under section 775.21, Florida Statutes.

\_\_\_\_\_ The minor child \_\_\_\_\_has \_\_\_\_\_has not ever been required as a sexual offender under section 943.0435, Florida Statutes.

#### 11. Money Judgments.

[Choose one only]

\_\_\_\_\_ The minor child has never been adjudicated bankrupt, and no money judgment has ever been entered against him or her.

The following money	iudgment(s) has	been entered again:	st him or her:
	]		

Date Amount Creditor Court entering judgment and case number {date} if Paid

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c)	, Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren))
(02/18)	

#### B. THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT PETITIONER(S):

PARENT	GUARDIAN		
A Supplemental Form has been attached for the other parent or petitioner.			
My complete pi	resent name is:		
2.1 live in	County, Florida, at { <i>street address</i> }		
3. Bankruptcy			
{Choose one of the contract of	only} ver been adjudicated bankrupt		
	dicated bankrupt on { <i>date</i> }, in {city}, {state}		
( Please in page.	dicate here if you have filed additional bankruptcies, and explain on an attack		
4. <b>Creditor(s)'</b> {Choose one	e only}		
I have nev	ver had a money judgment entered against me by a creditor.		
The follow	ving creditor)s)' money judgments have been entered against me:		
Date Amount	Creditor Court entering judgment and case number If Paid { <i>date</i> }		
( Please in	dicate here if these facts are continued on an attached page.)		
5. Criminal His	tors		

*{Indicate all that apply}* 

\_\_\_\_\_ I have never been arrested for or charged with, pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or been found to have committed a criminal offense, regardless of adjudication.

\_\_\_\_\_ I have a criminal history. In the past I have been arrested for or charged with, pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or been found to have committed a criminal offense, regardless of adjudication. The details of my criminal history are:

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

Date	City/State	Event (arrest, charge, plea, or adjudication)
------	------------	---

\_\_\_\_\_ Please indicate here if these facts are continued on an attached page.)

I \_\_\_\_\_ have \_\_\_\_\_ have not ever been required to register as a sexual predator under section 775.21, Florida Statutes.

I \_\_\_\_\_ have \_\_\_\_\_ have not ever been required to register as a sexual offender under section 943.0435, Florida Statutes.

- 6. I have no ulterior or illegal purpose for filing this petition, and granting it will not in any manner invade the property rights of others, whether partnership, patent, good will, privacy, trademark, or otherwise.
- 7. My civil rights have never been suspended, or, if ever suspended, they have been fully restored.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	
	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	Designated E-Mail Address(es)
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]
Personally known	-
Produced identification Type of identification produced	
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS I	FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for th	
This form was completed with the assistance of	
{name of individual}	
{name of business}	
{address}	
{city}, {state}, {zip	code}{telephone number}

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

#### ADULT SUPPLEMENTAL FORM FOR PETITION FOR CHANGE OF NAME (MINOR CHILD(REN))

	Case No.:				
тн	THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT PETITIONER(S): PARENT GUARDIAN				
1.	My complete present name is:				
2.	I live in County, Florida, at {street address}				
{Ch  {co	Bankruptcy         noose one only}        I have never been adjudicated bankrupt        I was adjudicated bankrupt on {date}, in {city}        I was adjudicated bankrupt on {date}, in {city}         punty}, {state}        Please indicate here if you have filed additional bankruptcies, and explain on an attached page.				
4. ( {( 	Creditor(s)' Judgments Choose one only} I have never had a money judgment entered against me by a creditor. The following creditor)s)' money judgments have been entered against me: Date Amount Creditor Court entering judgment and case number If Paid {date}				
	Please indicate here if these facts are continued on an attached page.) Criminal History Indicate all that apply}				

\_\_\_\_\_ I have never been arrested for or charged with, pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or been found to have committed a criminal offense, regardless of adjudication.

\_\_\_\_\_ I have a criminal history. In the past I have been arrested for or charged with, pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or been found to have committed a criminal offense, regardless of adjudication. The details of my criminal history are:

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

Date City/State Event (arrest, charge, plea, or adjudication)

(\_\_\_\_\_\_ Please indicate here if these facts are continued on an attached page.)

I \_\_\_\_\_ have \_\_\_\_\_ have not ever been required to register as a sexual predator under section 775.21, Florida Statutes.

I \_\_\_\_\_ have \_\_\_\_\_ have not ever been required to register as a sexual offender under section 943.0435, Florida Statutes.

6. I have no ulterior or illegal purpose for filing this petition, and granting it will not in any manner invade the property rights of others, whether partnership, patent, good will, privacy, trademark, or otherwise.

7. My civil rights have never been suspended, or, if ever suspended, they have been fully restored.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	
	Signature of Petitioner:
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	Designated E-Mail Address(es)
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced	

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

#### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:

[fill in **all** blanks] This form was completed for the Petitioner(s).

This form was completed with the assistance of:

{name of individual}\_\_\_\_\_

{name of business}\_\_\_\_\_

{address} \_\_\_\_\_

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

MINOR CHILD # \_\_\_\_\_, continued

#### SUPPLEMENTAL FORM FOR PETITION FOR CHANGE OF NAME (MINOR CHILD(REN))

Minor child's complete present name is:	
I/We request that minor child's name be changed to:	
The minor child lives in County, Florida,	at {street address}
The minor child was born on <i>{date}</i>	, in {city, county, state, country}
The minor child's parents' full legal name(s): a b c. { <i>If applicable</i> } The minor child's parent's' maiden name and	
The minor child has lived in the following places since birt	h.

7. [Choose one only]

\_\_\_\_\_The minor child has no children.

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

MINOR CHILD # \_\_\_\_\_, continued

	Name {last, first, middle initial}Date of Birth
(	Please indicate here if you are continuing these facts on an attached page.
	mer names
	<i>dicate all that apply]</i> The minor child's name has never been changed <b>by a court</b> .
	The minor child's name previously was changed <b>by court order</b> from
to_	on { <i>date</i> }
by	{court, city, and state} opy of the court order is attached.
to _ in {	The minor child's name previously was changed <b>by marriage</b> fromon {date} on {date} for the state and sta
Ac	opy of the marriage certificate is attached.
	_The minor child has never been known or called by any other name.
	The minor child has been known or called by the following other name(s): {list name(s) and explain where child was known or called by such name(s)}
	e minor child is not employed in an occupation or profession, does not own and operate a siness, and has received no educational degrees. If the minor child has a job, explain:

[Indicate all that apply]

\_\_\_\_\_The minor child has never been arrested for or charged with, pled guilty or nolo contendere to or been found to have committed a criminal offense, regardless of adjudication.

\_\_\_\_\_The minor child has a criminal history. In the past, the minor child was arrested for or charged with, pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or been found to have committed a criminal

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

MINOR CHILD # \_\_\_\_\_, continued

offense, regardless of adjudication. The details of the criminal history are:

Date City/State Event (arrest, charge, plea, or adjudication)

(\_\_\_\_\_ Please indicate here if you are continuing these facts on an attached page.)

\_\_\_\_\_ The minor child \_\_\_\_\_ has \_\_\_\_ has not ever been required to register as a sexual predator under section 775.21, Florida Statutes.

\_\_\_\_\_ The minor child \_\_\_\_\_ has \_\_\_\_\_ has not ever been required to register as a sexual offender under section 943.0435, Florida Statutes.

#### 11. Money Judgments

[Choose one only]

\_\_\_\_\_ The minor child has never been adjudicated bankrupt, and no money judgment has ever been entered against him or her.

\_\_\_\_\_ The following money judgment(s) has (have) been entered against him or her:

Date Amount Creditor Court entering judgment and case number {date} if Paid

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(h), NOTICE OF RELATED CASES (10/21)

## When should this form be used?

Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires the **petitioner** in a family law case to file with the court a notice of related cases, if any. Your circuit may also require this form to be filed even if there are no related cases. A case is considered related if:

- it involves the same parties, children, or issues and is pending when the family law case is filed; or
- it affects the court's jurisdiction to proceed; or
- an order in the related case may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or
- an order in the new case may conflict with an order in the earlier case.

This form is used to provide the required notice to the court.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. It must be **filed** with the **clerk of the circuit court** with the initial pleading in the family law case.

# What should I do next?

A copy of the form must be served on the presiding judges, either the chief judge or the family law administrative judge, and all parties in the related cases. You should also keep a copy for your records. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

# Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** The words that are in "<u>bold underline"</u> in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.545(d).

# Special notes . . .

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms **must** also put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,	
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA	

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Division: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

# NOTICE OF RELATED CASES

1. Petitioner submits this Notice of Related Cases as required by Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.545(d). A related case may be an open or closed civil, criminal, guardianship, domestic violence, juvenile delinquency, juvenile dependency, or domestic relations case. A case is "related" to this family law case if it involves any of the same parties, children, or issues and it is pending at the time the party files a family case; if it affects the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an order in the related case may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or if an order in the new case may conflict with an order in the earlier litigation.

[check **one** only]

\_\_\_\_\_ There are no related cases.

\_\_\_\_\_ The following are the related cases (add additional pages if necessary):

Related Case No. 1			
Case Name(s):			
Petitioner			
Respondent			
Case No.:			
Type of Proceeding: [check <b>all</b> that apply]			
Dissolution of Marriage	Paternity		
Custody	Adoption		
Child Support	Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings		
Juvenile Dependency	Juvenile Delinquency		
Termination of Parental Rights	Criminal		
	Mental Health		
Violence or Stalking Injunctions	Other {specify}		
State where case was decided or is pending:	Florida Other: { <i>specify</i> }		
Name of Court where case was decided or is	pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion		
County, Florida):			

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (10/21)

Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any	/):
Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any): _	

Relationship of cases check **all** that apply]:

- \_\_\_\_\_ pending case involves same parties, children, or issues;
- \_\_\_\_\_ may affect court's jurisdiction;
- \_\_\_\_\_ order in related case may conflict with an order in this case;
- \_\_\_\_\_ order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case.

Statement as to the relationship of the cases: \_\_\_\_\_

Case Name(s):	
Petitioner	
Respondent	
Case No.:	Division:
Type of Proceeding: [check all that apply	vl
Dissolution of Marriage	Paternity
Custody	Adoption
Child Support	Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings
Juvenile Dependency	Juvenile Delinquency
Termination of Parental Rights	Criminal
Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat	Mental Health
Violence or Stalking Injunctions	Other { <i>specify</i> }
State where case was decided or is pend	ing: Florida Other: { <i>specify</i> }
Name of Court where case was decided	or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion
Name of Court where case was decided county, Florida):	or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion
Name of Court where case was decided <i>County, Florida</i> ): Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any	or is pending ( <i>for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion</i>
Name of Court where case was decided <i>County, Florida</i> ): Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):	or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion y):
Name of Court where case was decided <i>County, Florida</i> ):	or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion y):
Name of Court where case was decided <i>County, Florida</i> ): Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any): Relationship of cases check all that apply pending case involves same parties	or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion y):
Name of Court where case was decided of <i>County, Florida</i> ):	or is pending ( <i>for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion</i> y): y]: y]:
Name of Court where case was decided <i>County, Florida</i> ):	or is pending ( <i>for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion</i> y): /]: s, children, or issues. with an order in this case;
Name of Court where case was decided of <i>County, Florida</i> ):	or is pending ( <i>for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion</i> y): /]: s, children, or issues. with an order in this case;
Name of Court where case was decided of <i>County, Florida</i> ):	or is pending ( <i>for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion</i> y): /]: s, children, or issues. with an order in this case;

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (10/21)

Related Case No. 3	
Case Name(s):	
Petitioner	
Respondent	
Case No.:	Division:
Type of Proceeding: [check <b>all</b> that apply]	
	Paternity
	Adoption
	Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings
	Juvenile Delinquency
	Criminal
	Mental Health
	Other { <i>specify</i> }
State where case was decided or is pending: _	Florida Other: { <i>specify</i> }
	pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion
Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):	
Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):	
Relationship of cases check all that apply]:	
pending case involves same parties, chil	dren, or issues;
may affect court's jurisdiction;	
order in related case may conflict with a	in order in this case;
order in this case may conflict with prev	ious order in related case.
Statement as to the relationship of the cases:	
[check <b>one</b> only]	
I do not request coordination of litigation	on in any of the cases listed above.
I <b>do</b> request coordination of the following	ng cases:

#### 3. [check **all** that apply]

2.

\_\_\_\_\_ Assignment to one judge

\_\_\_\_ Coordination of existing cases

will conserve judicial resources and promote an efficient determination of these cases because:\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. The Petitioner acknowledges a continuing duty to inform the court of any cases in this or any other state that could affect the current proceeding.

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (10/21)

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

Petitioner's Signature
Printed Name:
Address:
City, State, Zip:
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
E-mail Address(es):

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I CERTIFY that I delivered a copy of this Notice of Related Cases to the	County
Sheriff's Department or a certified process server for service on the Respondent, and [check al	l used]
( ) e-mailed ( ) mailed ( ) hand delivered, a copy to {name},	who is the
[check all that apply] ( ) judge assigned to new case, ( ) chief judge or family law administr	ative
judge, ( ) {name} a party to the related case, ( )	{name}
, a party to the related case on {date}	•

Signature of Petitioner/Attorney for Petitioner
Printed Name:
Address:
City, State, Zip:
Telephone Number:
E-mail Address(es):
Florida Bar Number:

#### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:

[fill in <b>all</b> b	lanks]	This form wa	s prepared for th	ne {choose <b>only</b> one}: (	) Petitioner (	) Respondent.
This form	was co	mpleted with	the assistance of	of:		
{name of i	ndividi	ual}				,
{name	of	business}				,
{address}						,
{city}			{state}	, {telephone num	nber}	

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(d) UNIFORM CHILD CUSTODY JURISDICTION AND ENFORCEMENT ACT (UCCJEA) AFFIDAVIT (02/18)

#### When should this form be used?

This form should be used in any case involving parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with, any minor child(ren). This <u>affidavit</u> is **required** even if the parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with, the minor child(ren) is not in dispute.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a **<u>notary public</u>** or <u>**deputy clerk**</u>. You should then <u>**file**</u> it with the <u>**clerk of the circuit court**</u> in the county where the petition was filed and keep a copy for your records.

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING**

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed** 

## What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not served on him or her with your initial papers.

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION**

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(d), Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) Affidavit (02/18)

A-Z Topical Index.

**SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO.** If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

## Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms.** The words that are in <u>bold underline</u> in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see sections 61.501-61.542, Florida Statutes.

## Special notes...

With this form, you must also file a **Notice of Confidential Information within Court Filing,** Florida Rules of Judicial Administration Appendix to Rule 2.420 Form.

Effective October 1, 2008, terms such as custodial parent, noncustodial parent, primary residential parent, secondary residential parent, and visitation were removed from Chapter 61, Florida Statutes; however, because the UCCJEA uses the terms, custody and visitation, they are included in this form. Parents must develop a Parenting Plan that includes, among other things, their time-sharing schedule with the minor child(ren). If the parents cannot agree, a parenting plan will be established by the Court.

If you are the petitioner in an injunction for protection against domestic violence case and you have filed **a Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h), you should write confidential in any space on this form that would require you to write the address where you are currently living.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(d), Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) Affidavit (02/18)

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Division: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

# UNIFORM CHILD CUSTODY JURISDICTION AND ENFORCEMENT ACT (UCCJEA) AFFIDAVIT

I, *{full legal name}*\_\_\_\_\_, being sworn, certify that the following statements are true:

1. The number of minor child(ren) subject to this proceeding is \_\_\_\_\_\_. The name, place of birth, birth date, and sex of each child; the present address, periods of residence, and places where each child has lived **within the past five (5) years**; and the name, present address, and relationship to the child of each person with whom the child has lived during that time are:

#### THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT CHILD # <u>1</u>:

#### Child's Residence for the past 5 years:

Address (including city and state) where child lived	Name and present address of person child lived with	Relationship to child
	state) where child lived	state) where child lived with

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(d), Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) Affidavit (02/18)

/		
/		

\* If you are the petitioner in an injunction for protection against domestic violence case and you have filed a Request for Confidential Filing of Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h), you should write confidential in any space on this form that would require you to enter the address where you are currently living.

#### THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT CHILD # \_\_\_\_\_:

#### Child's Residence for the past 5 years:

Dates (From/To)	Address (including city and state) where child lived	Name and present address of person child lived with	Relationship to child
/present			
/			
/			
/			
/			
/			

#### THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS TRUE ABOUT CHILD # \_\_\_\_\_:

Child's Full Legal Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Place of Birth: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Date of Birth: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Sex: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Child's Residence for the past 5 years:

Dates (From/To)	Address (including city and state) where child lived	Name and present address of person child lived with	Relationship to child
/present			

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(d), Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) Affidavit (02/18)

/		
/		
/		
/		
/		

## 2. Participation in custody or time-sharing proceeding(s):

[Choose only one]

\_\_\_\_\_ I HAVE NOT participated as a party, witness, or in any capacity in any other litigation or custody proceeding in this or any other state, jurisdiction, or country, concerning parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with a child subject to this proceeding.

\_\_\_\_\_ I HAVE participated as a party, witness, or in any capacity in any other litigation or custody proceeding in this or another state, jurisdiction, or country, concerning parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with a child subject to this proceeding. *Explain:* 

- a. Name of each child: \_\_\_\_\_\_
- b. Type of proceeding: \_\_\_\_\_
- c. Court and state:
- d. Date of court order or judgment (if any): \_\_\_\_\_

#### 3. Information about custody or time-sharing proceeding(s):

#### [Choose only one]

\_\_\_\_\_ I HAVE NO INFORMATION of any parental responsibility, custody, time-sharing, or visitation proceeding pending in a court of this or any other state, jurisdiction, or country concerning a child subject to this proceeding.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ I HAVE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION concerning a parental responsibility, custody, time-sharing, or visitation proceeding pending in a court of this or another state concerning a child subject to this proceeding, other than set out in item 2. *Explain:* 

- a. Name of each child involved in said litigation:
- b. Type of proceeding:
- c. Court and state:
- d. Date of court order or judgment (if any): \_\_\_\_\_\_
- e. Case Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(d), Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) Affidavit (02/18)

#### 4. Persons not a party to this proceeding:

#### [Choose only one]

I DO NOT KNOW OF ANY PERSON in this or any other state, jurisdiction, or country, who is not a party to this proceeding and who has physical custody or claims to have parental responsibility for, custody of, or time-sharing or visitation with respect to any child subject to this proceeding.

I KNOW THAT THE FOLLOWING NAMED PERSON(S), not a party to this proceeding, has (have) physical custody or claim(s) to have parental responsibility for, custody of, , or timesharing or visitation with respect to any child subject to this proceeding:

a. Name and address of person:

has physical custody
claims parental responsibility or custody rights
claims time-sharing or visitation
Name of each child:
Relationship to child, if any:
b. Name and address of person:
has physical custody
claims parental responsibility or custody rights
claims time-sharing or visitation
Name of each child:
Relationship to child, if any:
c. Name and address of person:
has physical custody
claims parental responsibility or custody rights
claims time-sharing or visitation
Name of each child:
Relationship to child, if any:

#### 5. Knowledge of prior child support proceedings:

#### [Choose only **one**]

The child(ren) described in this affidavit are NOT subject to existing child support order(s) in this or any other state, jurisdiction, or country..

\_\_\_\_ The child(ren) described in this affidavit are subject to the following existing child support order(s):

- a. Name of each child: \_\_\_\_\_\_
- b. Type of proceeding: \_\_\_\_\_
- c. Court and address:
- d. Date of court order/judgment (if any): \_\_\_\_\_

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(d), Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) Affidavit (02/18)

- e. Amount of child support ordered to be paid and by whom:
- 6. I acknowledge that I have a continuing duty to advise this Court of any parental responsibility, custody, time-sharing or visitation , child support, or guardianship proceeding (including dissolution of marriage, separate maintenance, child neglect, or dependency) concerning the child(ren) in this state or any other state about which information is obtained during this proceeding.
- 7. A completed Notice of Confidential Information within Court Filing, Florida Rules of Judicial Administration Appendix to Rule 2.420 Form, is filed with this Affidavit.

I certify that a copy of this document was ( ) e-served ( ) mailed ( ) faxed and mailed ( ) hand delivered to the person(s) listed below on {date}

Other party or his/her attorney:
Name:
Address:
City, State, Zip:
Fax Number:
Designated E-mail Address(es):

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this affidavit and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:

Signature of Party
Printed Name:
Address:
City, State, Zip:
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
Designated E-mail Address(es):

STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	

Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on \_\_\_\_\_\_ by \_\_\_\_\_\_.

#### NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(d), Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) Affidavit (02/18)

[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]

Personally known
Produced identification

Type of identification produced \_\_\_\_\_\_

## IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:

[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the {choose only one} _	Petitioner	Respondent
This form was completed with the assistance of:		
{name of individual}		
{name of business}		,
{address}		,

{city} \_\_\_\_\_\_,{state} \_\_\_\_, {zip code} \_\_\_\_\_,{telephone number} \_\_\_\_\_\_.



# **State of Florida Department of Health Office of Vital Statistics**

# **Report of Legal Change of Name** (Important – read information and instructions on page 2 before completing this form)

<b>STATE OF FLORIDA</b> Docket or File N		lumber:			
County of			Date of Court Ord	ler:	
NAME as Decreed by Court	:				
First	Middle	Last	Suffix	Married/Le	egal Last Name
Name of Petitioner:	First		Middle	Last	Suffix
Petitioner's Relationship to	Person Whose Name	e Has Been (	Changed:		
Mailing Address of Petitione	er:Street		City	State	Zip Code
Name of Attorney, if applica	able: Firs		Middle		Last
Attorney's Mailing Address	:Street		City	State	Zip Code
Signed and Sealed by:					

Signature of Clerk of Court

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

Pursuant to section 68.07(4), on filing the final judgment, the clerk shall, if the birth occurred in this state, send a report of the judgment to the Department of Health, Office of Vital Statistics. The form shall contain sufficient information to identify the original birth certificate of the person, the new name and the file number of the judgment.

Please type using black ink. Alteration of information by use of correction fluid or other methods will make this form unacceptable for filing by Vital Statistics and the form will be returned.

If the person whose name has been changed is female, please list both her legal name prior to first marriage and her legal last name under "Name as Decreed by Court." If name change is to restore a last name prior to first marriage, this report will not be attached to the original birth record, but will be retained in the files of the Office of Vital Statistics.

Provide the following information to identify the birth certificate of the person whose name has been changed.

Name at Birth:				
First	Middle		Last	Suffix
Subsequent Name Change, if applicat	le:			
	First	Middle	Last	Suffix
Date of Birth:	Place of Birt	h.		
		City	County	State
Mother's / Parent's name prior to first	marriage (if applicable):			
First	Middle		Last	Suffix
Father's / Parent's name prior to first	marriage (if applicable):			
First	Middle		Last	Suffix
	OFFICE OF VIT ATTN: CORR P.O. B Jacksonville, t Address: 1217 North Pearl PLEASE VISIT	T OF HEALTH TAL STATISTICS RECTION UNIT OX 210, FL 32231-0042		

#### Florida Department of Law Enforcement Name Change Report of Final Judgment

Clerks of Court (not the petitioner) must complete this form, to the extent the information is available, and submit the completed form to FDLE.

Date of Final Judgment of Name Change:		County:	Case #:
Petitioner's full legal name as	of date of filing Petition fo	r Change of Name:	
Last	First	Middle	
Petitioner's Information:			
Sex: Male / Female	Race:	Date of Birth	:
*Social Security #:	Driver's Li	cense #:	
*Disclosure of the social security num share it with other agencies for the s duties and responsibilities. Failure to p	same purpose. FDLE's request for	SSN is authorized by state	se it for identification purposes and may e law to assist FDLE in fulfilling its lawful
Petitioner's Court Approved N	ame:		
Last	First	Middle	
Did the Petitioner request that	a former name be restored	? YES	NO
Does the criminal history record	ds check report received fro	, om FDLE indicate that	the Petitioner:
Has a Florida criminal r Has an out-of-state crir		YES	
	l Offender or Predator?	YES	NO
**Having a criminal record means a r convicted or found guilty of a crime.	ecord based on an arrest or its eq	uivalent; it does not neces	sarily mean that the petitioner has been
If a criminal record was returne	d by FDLE, please complete	the following:	
Petitioner's State ID (SID) #:		Petitioner's FB	I/UCN#:
Electronic Signature:			Date:
(Type	Name of the Clerk of Court o	or Designee)	
***By clicking the "Submit" button, yo You agree your electronic signature is			ment. Submit
	Florida Department of Attn: Crime Information Burea Post Office Box 1489, Tallahas 850-410-7	u, Quality Control Section see, Florida 32302-1489	
EDLE Name Change 05/2015			00.002

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(i), AFFIDAVIT OF CORROBORATING WITNESS (02/18)

#### When should this form be used?

This form may be used to corroborate residency in a <u>dissolution of marriage</u> proceeding. To get a dissolution (divorce) in Florida, either party must have lived in Florida for at least 6 months before filing the petition. Residency may be corroborated by a valid Florida's driver's license, Florida identification card, or voter's registration card (issue date of document must be at least 6 months before the date the case is actually filed with the clerk of the circuit court), or the testimony or <u>affidavit</u> of someone other than you or your spouse. This form is used to corroborate residency by affidavit. The person signing this form must know that you have lived in the State of Florida for at least 6 months before the date you filed your <u>petition</u> for dissolution of marriage.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink, and signed in the presence of a **notary public** or **deputy <u>clerk</u>**. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where the petition was filed and keep a copy for you records.

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING**

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.** 

## What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not **served** on him or her with your initial papers.

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION**

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of

Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

**SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO.** If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

## Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms.** The words that are in "<u>bold underline</u>" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes.

## Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT	COURT	OF	THE
IN AND	FOR		

\_\_\_\_\_JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, COUNTY, FLORIDA

In re: The Marriage of:

Case No.:	
Division:	

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

# AFFIDAVIT OF CORROBORATING WITNESS

I, {full legal name} \_\_\_\_\_\_, being sworn, certify that the following statements are true: I have known {name} \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ since {approximate date} \_\_\_\_\_\_\_; to the best of my understanding the petition in this action was filed on {date} \_\_\_\_\_\_\_; and I know of my own personal knowledge that this person has resided in the State of Florida for at least 6 months immediately prior to the date of filing of the petition.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this affidavit and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Corroborating Witness
Printed Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_
Address: \_\_\_\_\_\_
City, State, Zip: \_\_\_\_\_\_
Telephone Number: \_\_\_\_\_\_

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF

Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on \_\_\_\_\_\_ by \_\_\_\_\_\_.

NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK

[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]

Personally known

Produced identification

Type of identification produced \_\_\_\_\_

## IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:

fill in <b>all</b> blanks]
his form was prepared for the: {choose only <b>one</b> } Affiant PetitionerRespondent
his form was completed with the assistance of:
name of individual},
name of business},
address},
city},{state}, {zip code}, {telephone number}

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.982(d), CONSENT FOR CHANGE OF NAME (MINOR CHILD(REN)) (02/18)

## When should this form be used?

This form should be used when one parent consents to the other parent's **<u>petition</u>** to change the name of their minor child(ren). A parent who is not a **<u>petitioner</u>** in the case but is consenting to the change of name should complete this form and sign it in front of a **<u>notary public</u>** or **<u>deputy clerk</u>**.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After this form is signed and notarized, you should <u>file</u> it with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where the petition was filed and keep a copy for your records. This form should be attached to the **Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren))**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), **if** obtained prior to the filing of the petition. Otherwise, it may be filed separately after it has been completed.

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING**

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.** 

## Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms.** For further information see section 68.07, Florida Statutes, and the instructions for **Petition for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren))**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(c), or **Petition for Change of Name (Family)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(f).

#### Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(d), Consent for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren))(02/18)

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

> Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Division: \_\_\_\_\_

IN RE: THE NAME CHANGE OF

Petitioner.

## **CONSENT FOR CHANGE OF NAME (MINOR CHILD(REN))**

I, {full legal name} \_\_\_\_\_, being sworn, certify that the

following information is true:

I am the birth or legal parent of the minor child(ren) named in this case, and I give consent for the following name changes:

#### Minor child(ren)'s complete present name(s):

Minor	child(ren	)'s name(s)	) to be changed	l to:
-------	-----------	-------------	-----------------	-------

(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)
(5)
(6)

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this consent and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Signature of Consenting Parent         Printed Name:         Address:         City, State, Zip:         Telephone Number:         Fax Number:         Designated E-mail Address(es):         Designated E-mail Address(es):         State OF FLORIDA         COUNTY OF         Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on         by         NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK         [Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]         Produced identification         Type of identification produced         Type of identification produced         Type of identification produced         FA NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:         [fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {choose one}         Petitioner       Consenting Parent         This form was completed with the assistance of:       ,         (name of individual)       ,         , (atdress)       ,         , (atdress)       ,         , (atdress)       ,	Dated:			
Address:				
City, State, Zip:			Address:	
Telephone Number:			City, State, Zi	):
Fax Number:				
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF			Fax Number:	
COUNTY OF			Designated E-	mail Address(es):
Image: Notary Public or Deputy Clerk         Image: Personally known         Image: Personally known				
<pre>{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.} Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced</pre> IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {choose one} PetitionerConsenting Parent This form was completed with the assistance of: {name of individual}, {name of business},	Sworn to or affirmed	and signed bet	fore me on	by
<i>clerk.</i> }Personally knownProduced identification Type of identification produced <b>IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:</b> [fill in <b>all</b> blanks] This form was prepared for the: { <i>choose one</i> } PetitionerConsenting Parent This form was completed with the assistance of: { <i>name of individual</i> }, { <i>name of business</i> },			NOTARY PUB	IC or DEPUTY CLERK
Produced identification Type of identification produced IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {choose one} PetitionerConsenting Parent This form was completed with the assistance of: {name of individual}, {name of business},				or stamp commissioned name of notary or
[fill in <b>all</b> blanks] This form was prepared for the: {choose one} PetitionerConsenting Parent This form was completed with the assistance of: {name of individual}, {name of business},	Produced ident	ification		
{city}, {state}, {zip code}, {telephone number}	[fill in <b>all</b> blanks] This This form was comple {name of individual} _ {name of business}	form was prep eted with the a	pared for the: {choose one} ssistance of:	PetitionerConsenting Parent
	{city}	,{state}	,{zip code}	, {telephone number}

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(d), Consent for Change of Name (Minor Child(ren)) (02/18)

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Division: \_\_\_\_\_\_

IN RE: THE NAME CHANGE OF

Petitioner/Parent\_\_\_\_\_\_.

# FINAL JUDGMENT OF CHANGE OF NAME (MINOR CHILD(REN))

This cause came before the Court on *{date}* \_\_\_\_\_\_, for a hearing on Petition for Change of Name under section 68.07, Florida Statutes, and it appearing to the Court that:

- 1. Petitioner(s) is (are) a bona fide resident(s) of \_\_\_\_\_ County, Florida;
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ Petitioners are the parents of the minor child(ren) named in the petition;
  - OR

\_\_\_\_\_ Petitioner is the parent of the minor child(ren) named in the petition, and the other parent has been properly notified and has either consented or failed to respond;

- 3.. Petitioner's request is not for any ulterior or illegal purpose; and
- 4.. Granting this petition will not in any manner invade the property rights of others, whether partnership, patent, good will, privacy, trademark, or otherwise; it is

ORDERED that the minor child(ren)'s

present name(s)	be changed to
(1)	(1)
(2)	(2)
(3)	(3)
(4)	(4)
(5)	(5)
(6)	(6)

by which they shall hereafter be known.

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.982(e), Final Judgment of Change of Name (Minor Child(ren) (02/18)

DONE and ORDERED ON	i	n
<u>_</u> Florida.		

#### CIRCUIT JUDGE

I certify that a	copy of the { <i>name of docu</i>	ments(s)}	was
mailed	faxed and mailed	e-mailed	hand-delivered to the parties and any other
persons or ent	ities listed below on {date}		·

Clerk of Court, Designee, or Judicial Assistant

Petitioner(s) (or his, her, or their attorney(s)) Other: \_\_\_\_\_

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.910(a) SUMMONS: PERSONAL SERVICE ON AN INDIVIDUAL (10/21)

## When should this form be used?

This form should be used to obtain **personal service** on the other **party** when you begin your lawsuit. **Service** is required for **all** documents filed in your case. Service means giving a copy of the required papers to the other party using the procedure that the law requires. Generally, there are two ways to make service: (1) personal service, or (2) service by email, mail, or hand delivery. A third method for service is called **constructive service**; however, the relief a court may grant may be limited in a case where constructive service has been used.

The law requires that certain documents be served by **personal service** if personal service is possible. **Personal service** means that a summons (this form) and a copy of the forms you are filing with the court that must be personally served are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server

- a. directly to the other party, or
- b. to someone over the age of fifteen with whom the other party lives.

Personal service is required for **all <u>petitions</u>**, including petitions for modification. You cannot serve these papers on the other party yourself or by mail or hand delivery. Personal service must be made by the sheriff's department in the county where the other party lives or works or by a private process server certified in the county where the other party lives or works.

In many counties, there are private process servers who, for a fee, will personally serve the summons and other documents that require personal service. You should look under **process servers** in the yellow pages of the telephone book for a list of private process servers in your area. You may use a private process server to serve any paper required to be personally served in a family law case **except** a petition for injunction for protection against domestic or repeat violence.

## How do I start?

When you begin your lawsuit, you need to complete this form (summons) and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b). The forms should be typed or printed legibly in black ink. Next, you will need to take these forms and, if you have not already done so, **file** your petition with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where you live. You should keep a copy of the forms for your records. The clerk will sign the summons, and then the summons, a copy of the papers to be served, and the process service memorandum must be delivered to the appropriate sheriff's office or to a private process server for service on the other party.

**IF THE OTHER PARTY LIVES IN THE COUNTY WHERE SUIT IS FILED:** Ask the clerk in your county about any local procedures regarding service. Generally, if the other party lives in the county in which you are filing suit and you want the sheriff's department to serve the papers, you will file the summons along with a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), with the clerk and the clerk will forward those papers to the sheriff for service. Make sure that you attach a copy of the papers you want personally served to the summons. You may also need to provide the sheriff with a stamped envelope addressed to you. This will allow the sheriff to send the proof of service to you, after the sheriff serves your papers on the other party. However, in some counties the sheriff may send the proof of service directly to the clerk. If you are instructed to supply a self-addressed, stamped envelope and you receive the proof of service, you should file the proof of service with the clerk after you receive it from the sheriff. Also, you will need to find out how much the sheriff charges to serve the papers. Personal checks are not accepted. You should attach to the summons a cashier's check or money order made payable to the sheriff, and either give it to the clerk for delivery to the sheriff or send all of the paperwork and the fee to the sheriff yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. The costs for service may be waived if you are indigent.

If you want a private process server to serve the other party, you should still bring the summons to the clerk's office and have the clerk sign it for you. You should deliver the summons, along with the copy of your initial petition and any other papers to be served, and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), to the private process server. The private process server will charge you a fee for serving the papers. After service is complete, proof of service by the private process server must be filed with the clerk. You should discuss how this will occur with the private process server.

**IF THE OTHER PARTY LIVES IN ANOTHER COUNTY:** If the other party lives in another county, service needs to be made by a sheriff in the county where the other party lives or by a private process server certified in the county where the other party lives. Make sure that you attach a copy of the papers you want personally served to the summons as well as the **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b). If you want the sheriff to serve the papers, the clerk may send your papers to that sheriff's office for you, or you may have to send the papers yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. Either way, you will need to provide the sheriff with a stamped envelope addressed to you. This will allow the sheriff to send the proof of service to you, after the sheriff serves your papers on the other party. You should file the proof of service with the clerk after you receive it from the sheriff. Also, you will need to find out how much the sheriff charges to serve the papers. Personal checks are not accepted. You should attach to the summons a cashier's check or money order made payable to the sheriff, and either give it to the clerk for delivery to the sheriff or send all of the paperwork and the fee to the sheriff yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. The costs for service may be waived if you are indigent.

If you want a private process server to serve the other party, you should still bring the summons to the clerk's office where the clerk will sign it for you. You should deliver the summons, along with the copy of your initial petition and any other papers to be served, and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), to the private process server. The private process server will charge you a fee for serving the papers. After service is complete, proof of service by the private process server must be filed with the clerk. You should discuss how this will occur with the private process server.

IF THE OTHER PARTY CANNOT BE LOCATED OR DOES NOT LIVE IN FLORIDA: If, after you have made a diligent effort to locate the other party, you absolutely cannot locate the other party, you may serve the other party by publication. Service by publication is also known as <u>constructive service</u>. You may also be able to use constructive service if the other party does not live in Florida. However, Florida courts have only limited jurisdiction over a party who is served by constructive service and may have only limited jurisdiction over a party who is served by constructive service and may have only limited jurisdiction over a party who is served by constructive service and may have only limited jurisdiction over a party living outside of Florida regardless of whether that party is served by constructive or personal service; that is, the judge's power to order the other party to do certain things may be limited. For example, the judge may be able to grant your request for a divorce, but the judge may not be able to address issues such as child support, spousal support (alimony), or division of property or debts.

Regardless of the type of service used, if the other party once lived in Florida but is living outside of Florida now, you should include in your petition a statement regarding the length of time the party lived in Florida, if any, and when. For example: "Respondent last lived in Florida from {date} \_\_\_\_\_\_ to {date} \_\_\_\_\_\_\_."

This area of the law is very complex and you may need to consult with an attorney regarding the proper type of service to be used in your case if the other party does not live in Florida or cannot be located.

## What happens when the papers are served on the other party?

The date and hour of service are written on the original summons and on all copies of it by the person making the service. The person who delivers the summons and copies of the petition must file a proof of service with the clerk or provide a proof of service to you for filing with the court. It is your responsibility to make sure the proof of service has been returned to the clerk and placed in your case file.

## What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be filed with the court and served on the other party or his or her attorney. The copy you are serving to the other party must be either mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to the opposing party or his or her attorney on the same day indicated on the certificate of service. If it is mailed, it must be postmarked on the date indicated in the certificate of service. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

## **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING**

The Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION**

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. **You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration**. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

**SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO.** If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

## Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** For further information regarding service of process, see chapters 48 and 49, Florida Statutes, and Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.070, as well as the instructions for **Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), **Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Child(ren)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), **Affidavit of Diligent Service and Inquiry**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), and **Affidavit of Diligent Search**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(c).

#### Special notes ...

If you have been unable to obtain proper service on the other party within **120 days** after filing your lawsuit, the court will dismiss your lawsuit against the other party unless you can show the court a good reason why service was not made within **120 days**. For this reason, if you had the local sheriff serve the papers, you should check with the clerk every couple of weeks after completing the service papers to see if service has been completed. You may need to supply the sheriff with a new or better address. If you had a private process server or a sheriff in another county serve the papers, you should be in contact with that person or sheriff until you receive proof of service from that person or sheriff. You should then file the proof of service with the clerk immediately.

If the other party fails to respond, i.e., fails to file a written response with the court, within **20 days** after the service of the summons, you are entitled to request a <u>default</u>. See the instructions to **Motion for Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922 (a), and **Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(b), for further information. You will need to file an **Affidavit of Military Service**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(b), before a default may be granted.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_\_
Division: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

## SUMMONS: PERSONAL SERVICE ON AN INDIVIDUAL ORDEN DE COMPARECENCIA: SERVICIO PERSONAL EN UN INDIVIDUO CITATION: L'ASSIGNATION PERSONAL SUR UN INDIVIDUEL

TO/PARA/A: {enter other party's full legal name} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {address (including city and state)/location for service} \_\_\_\_\_\_.

## **IMPORTANT**

A lawsuit has been filed against you. You have **20** calendar days after this summons is served on you to file a written response to the attached complaint/petition with the clerk of this circuit court, located at: *{street address}* 

A phone call will not protect you. Your written response, including the case number given above and the names of the parties, must be **filed** if you want the Court to hear your side of the case.

If you do not file your written response on time, you may lose the case, and your wages, money, and property may be taken thereafter without further warning from the Court. There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may call an attorney referral service or a legal aid office (listed in the phone book).

If you choose to file a written response yourself, at the same time you file your written response to the Court, you must also serve a copy of your written response on the party serving this summons at:

{Name and address of party serving summons}

If the party serving summons has designated email address(es) for service or is represented by an attorney, you may designate email address(es) for service by or on you. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

Copies of all court documents in this case, including orders, are available at the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office. You may review these documents, upon request.

You must keep the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office notified of your current address. (You may file Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915.) Future papers in this lawsuit will be mailed to the address on record at the clerk's office.

WARNING: Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires certain automatic disclosure of documents and information. Failure to comply can result in sanctions, including dismissal or striking of pleadings.

#### **IMPORTANTE**

Usted ha sido demandado legalmente. Tiene veinte (20) dias, contados a partir del recibo de esta notificacion, para contestar la demanda adjunta, por escrito, y presentarla ante este tribunal. Localizado en: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Una llamada telefonica no lo protegera. Si usted desea que el tribunal considere su defensa, debe presentar su respuesta por escrito, incluyendo el numero del caso y los nombres de las partes interesadas. Si usted no contesta la demanda a tiempo, pudiese perder el caso y podria ser despojado de sus ingresos y propiedades, o privado de sus derechos, sin previo aviso del tribunal. Existen otros requisitos legales. Si lo desea, usted puede consultar a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a una de las oficinas de asistencia legal que aparecen en la guia telefonica.

Si desea responder a la demanda por su cuenta, al mismo tiempo en que presente su respuesta ante el tribunal, usted debe enviar por correo o entregar una copia de su respuesta a la persona denominada abajo.

Si usted elige presentar personalmente una respuesta por escrito, en el mismo momento que usted presente su respuesta por escrito al Tribunal, usted debe enviar por correo o llevar una copia de su respuesta por escrito a la parte entregando esta orden de comparencencia a:

Nombre y direccion de la parte que entrega la orden de comparencencia:

Copias de todos los documentos judiciales de este caso, incluyendo las ordenes, estan disponibles en la oficina del Secretario de Juzgado del Circuito [Clerk of the Circuit Court's office]. Estos documentos pueden ser revisados a su solicitud.

Usted debe de manener informada a la oficina del Secretario de Juzgado del Circuito de su direccion actual. (Usted puede presentar \_\_\_\_\_ el Formulario: Ley de Familia de la Florida 12.915, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, [Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address].) Los papelos que se presenten en el futuro en esta demanda judicial seran env ados por correo a la direccion que este registrada en la oficina del Secretario.

ADVERTENCIA: Regla 12.285 (Rule 12.285), de las Reglas de Procedimiento de Ley de Familia de la Florida [Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure], requiere cierta revelacion automatica de documentos e informacion. El incumplimient, puede resultar en sanciones, incluyendo la desestimacion o anulacion de los alegatos.

#### IMPORTANT

Des poursuites judiciaries ont ete entreprises contre vous. Vous avez 20 jours consecutifs a partir de la date de l'assignation de cette citation pour deposer une reponse ecrite a la plainte ci-jointe aupres de ce

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (10/21)

tribunal. Qui se trouve a: {L'Adresse} \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Un simple coup de telephone est insuffisant pour vous proteger; vous etes obliges de deposer votre reponse ecrite, avec mention du numero de dossier ci-dessus et du nom des parties nommees ici, si vous souhaitez que le tribunal entende votre cause. Si vous ne deposez pas votre reponse ecrite dans le delai requis, vous risquez de perdre la cause ainsi que votre salaire, votre argent, et vos biens peuvent etre saisis par la suite, sans aucun preavis ulterieur du tribunal. Il y a d'autres obligations juridiques et vous pouvez requerir les services immediats d'un avocat. Si vous ne connaissez pas d'avocat, vous pourriez telephoner a un service de reference d'avocats ou a un bureau d'assistance juridique (figurant a l'annuaire de telephones).

Si vous choisissez de deposer vous-meme une reponse ecrite, il vous faudra egalement, en meme temps que cette formalite, faire parvenir ou expedier une copie au carbone ou une photocopie de votre reponse ecrite a la partie qui vous depose cette citation.

Nom et adresse de la partie qui depose cette citation:

Les photocopies de tous les documents tribunals de cette cause, y compris des arrets, sont disponible au bureau du greffier. Vous pouvez revue ces documents, sur demande.

Il faut aviser le greffier de votre adresse actuelle. (Vous pouvez deposer Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address.) Les documents de l'avenir de ce proces seront envoyer a l'adresse que vous donnez au bureau du greffier.

ATTENTION: La regle 12.285, des regles de procedure du droit de la famille de la Floride exige que l'on remette certains renseignements et certains documents a la partie adverse. Tout refus de les fournir pourra donner lieu a des sanctions, y compris le rejet ou la suppression d'un ou de plusieurs actes de procedure.

THE STATE OF FLORIDA

TO EACH SHERIFF OF THE STATE: You are commanded to serve this summons and a copy of the complaint in this lawsuit on the above-named person.

DATED: \_\_\_\_\_

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

(SEAL)

By:

Deputy Clerk

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.910(b), PROCESS SERVICE MEMORANDUM (11/15)

#### When should this form be used?

You should use this form to give the sheriff's department (or private process server) instructions for serving the other **party** in your case with the **Summons: Personal Service on an Individual**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), and other papers to be served. On this form you can tell the sheriff's department the best times to find the person at work and/or at home. You can also include a map to the other person's home or work place to help the sheriff find the person and deliver the summons. Do not forget to attach to the summons a copy of your initial petition and any other papers you want personally served on the other party.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your petition was filed and attach a copy to the **Summons: Personal Service on an Individual**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a). You should also keep a copy for your records.

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING**

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.** 

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. You should read the instructions for Summons: Personal Service on an Individual, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), for additional information.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

#### SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), Process Service Memorandum (11/15)

**REQUIRED TO DO SO.** If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

#### Special notes...

If you fear that disclosing your address would put you in danger because you are the victim of sexual battery, aggravated child abuse, stalking, aggravated stalking, harassment, aggravated battery, or domestic violence, you should complete a **Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h), file it with the clerk, and write confidential in the space provided on the petition.

**Nonlawyer.** Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE IN AND FOR	JUDICIAL CIRC COUNTY, FLORIDA	UIT,
		Case No.: Division:	
	,		
	Petitioner,		
	and		
	, Respondent,		
	PROCESS SERV	ICE MEMORANDUM	
то:	Sheriff of	County, Florida;	Division
-	Private process server:		
Please se	erve the {name of document(s)}		
	ove-styled cause upon: ull legal name}		
Address	or location for service:		
Work Ad	dress:		
•	rty to be served owns, has, and/or is know on(s):		scribe what type
SPECIAL			
Dated:			
Dutcu		Signature of Party	
		*Printed Name:	
		*Address: *City, State, Zip:	
		*Telephone Number:	
		*Fax Number:	
		*Designated E-mail Address(es	)

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), Process Service Memorandum (11/15)

\* Please see the Special Notes section in the instructions to this form regarding Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h), Request for Confidential Filing of Address, which may be used if you need to keep your addresses or telephone numbers confidential for safety reasons.

#### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:

[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the Petitioner. This form was completed with the assistance of:

{name of individual} {name of business} ,

{address}\_\_\_\_\_\_,
{city}\_\_\_\_\_\_, {state} \_\_\_\_\_, {zip code} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {telephone number} \_\_\_\_\_\_\_,

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.913(a)(2) NOTICE OF ACTION FOR FAMILY CASES WITH MINOR CHILD(REN) (11/15)

#### When should this form be used?

This form may be used to obtain **constructive service** (also called service by publication) in an action involving a parenting plan for a minor child under chapter 61, Florida Statutes; and termination of a legal father's parental rights when another man is alleged to be the biological father. "Parenting plan" means a document created to govern the relationship between the parents relating to decisions that must be made regarding the minor child and must contain a time-sharing schedule for the parents and child. Section 61.046(14), Florida Statutes. You may use constructive service if you do not know where the other party lives or if the other party lives outside Florida and you are unable to obtain **personal service**. Constructive notice will allow the court to grant the relief requested, but personal service is required before a court can order payment or termination of **child support**, spousal support (**alimony**), or costs. If you are asking the court to decide how real or personal property located in Florida should be divided, the **Notice of Action** must include a specific description of the property. If you use constructive service, the court can grant only limited relief because its jurisdiction is limited. This is a complicated area of the law and you should consult an attorney before using constructive service.

You should complete this form by typing or printing the appropriate information in black ink. You must insert the other party's name and last known address and then **file** this form with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where your petition was filed. You must also complete and file an **Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry**. Use Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b) unless you are serving the legal father in a paternity case where another man is alleged to be the biological father, in which case, you must use Form 12.913(c). You should keep a copy for your records.

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING**

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.** 

After the **Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry**, Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b) or 12.913(c), is filed, the clerk will sign this form. You will need to publish notice once each week for four consecutive weeks in a "qualified" newspaper in the county where the case is pending. When in doubt, ask the clerk which newspapers are "qualified." The newspaper will charge you for this service. If you cannot afford to pay the cost of publishing this notice, you may ask the clerk to post the notice at a place designated for such postings. You will need to file an **Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status**, which you can obtain from the clerk. If the clerk determines that you cannot afford these costs, the clerk will post the notice of action. If your case involves termination of a legal father's parental rights when another man is alleged to be the biological father, you need to publish the notice only in the

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), Notice of Action For Family Cases With Minor Child(ren) (11/15)

county where the legal father was last known to have resided. You are responsible for locating a "qualified" newspaper in the county where the other party last resided and paying the cost of publication.

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** For further information, see rule 12.070, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, rule 1.070, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, sections 61.501–61.542, Florida Statutes and chapter 49, Florida Statutes.

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION**

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

**SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO.** If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e- mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E- mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

#### Special notes...

If the other party fails to respond to your **petition** within the time limit stated in the notice of action that is published or posted, you are entitled to request a **default**. (See **Motion for Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), and **Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(b).) Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Division: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Petitioner,

and

Respondent,

#### **NOTICE OF ACTION FOR**

{Specify action} \_\_\_\_\_\_

TO: {name of Respondent} \_\_\_\_\_ {Respondent's last known address}

*{If applicable, insert the legal description of real property, a specific description of personal property, and the name of the county in Florida where the property is located}* 

Copies of all court documents in this case, including orders, are available at the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office. You may review these documents upon request.

You must keep the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office notified of your current address. (You may file Designation of Current Mailing and E-Mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915.) Future papers in this lawsuit will be mailed or e-mailed to the addresses on record at the clerk's office.

WARNING: Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires certain automatic disclosure of documents and information. Failure to comply can result in sanctions, including dismissal or striking of pleadings.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

Ву: \_\_\_\_\_ Deputy Clerk

[fill in **all** blanks] This form was prepared for the Petitioner.

This form was completed with the assistance of:

{name of individual}, \_\_\_\_\_ {name of business}\_\_\_\_\_\_, {address} \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, {city} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {state} \_\_\_\_\_, {zip code} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {telephone number} \_\_\_\_\_\_.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.913(b) AFFIDAVIT OF DILIGENT SEARCH AND INQUIRY (10/21)

#### When should this form be used?

This form is to be used with **Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1) and **Notice of Action For Family Cases With Minor Child(ren)**, Form 12.913(a)(2), to obtain <u>constructive service</u> (also called service by publication).

The other party is entitled to actual notice of the proceedings when possible. When it is necessary to use constructive notice, it must be given in a way that is likely to provide actual notice. You must disclose the last known address of the other party. A last known address cannot be unknown. This form includes a checklist of places you can look for information on the location of the other party. While you do not have to look in all of these places, the court must believe that you have made a very serious effort to get information about the other party's location and that you have followed up on any information you received.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form. You should <u>file</u> this document and a **Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), or **Notice of Action For Family Cases With Minor Child(ren)**, Form 12.913(a)(2), with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your petition is filed. You should keep a copy for your records.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be filed with the court and served on the other party or his or her attorney. The copy you are serving to the other party must be either mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to the opposing party or his or her attorney on the same day indicated on the certificate of service. If it is mailed, it must be postmarked on the date indicated in the certificate of service. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING**

The Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry (10/21)

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION**

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. **You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration**. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

**SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO.** If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516.

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** For further information, see rule 12.070, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure and chapter 49, Florida Statutes.

#### Special notes ...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,				
IN AND FOR		_COUNTY, FLORIDA			
	Case No.:				
	Division:				
Petitioner,					
and					

Respondent.

# **AFFIDAVIT OF DILIGENT SEARCH AND INQUIRY**

, being sworn, certify that the

I, {full legal name} \_\_\_\_\_ following information is true:

- I have made diligent search and inquiry to discover the name and current residence of Respondent: {Specify details of search} Refer to checklist below and identify all actions taken (any additional information included such as the date the action was taken and the person with whom you spoke is helpful) (attach additional sheet if necessary): [Check all that apply]
- United States Post Office inquiry through Freedom of Information Act for current address or any relocations.
- Last known employment of Respondent, including name and address of employer. You should also ask for any addresses to which W-2 Forms were mailed, and, if a pension or profit-sharing plan exists, then for any addresses to which any pension or plan payment is and/or has been mailed.
- Unions from which Respondent may have worked or that governed his or her particular trade or craft.
- Regulatory agencies, including professional or occupational licensing.
- Names and addresses of relatives and contacts with those relatives, and inquiry as to Respondent's last known address. You are to follow up any leads of any addresses where Respondent may have moved. Relatives include, but are not limited to: parents, brothers, sisters, aunts, uncles, cousins, nieces, nephews, grandparents, great-grandparents, former inlaws, stepparents, stepchildren.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Information about the Respondent's possible death and, if dead, the date and location of the death.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Telephone listings in the last known locations of Respondent's residence.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Internet at <a href="http://www.switchboard.com">http://www.switchboard.com</a> or other Internet databank locator service. Please indicate if a public library assisted you in your search.
- Law enforcement arrest and/or criminal records in the last known residential area of Respondent.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Highway Patrol records in the state of Respondent's last known address.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Department of Motor Vehicle records in the state of Respondent's last known address.

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry (10/21)

Department of	Corrections	records in the	e state of Res	spondent's last	known address.

- \_\_\_\_\_ Title IV-D (child support enforcement) agency records in the state of Respondent's last known address.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Hospitals in the last known area of Respondent's residence.
- Utility companies, which include water, sewer, cable TV, and electric, in the last known area of Respondent's residence.
- Letters to the Armed Forces of the U.S. and their response as to whether or not there is any information about Respondent. (See Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a).)
- Tax Assessor's and Tax Collector's Office in the area where Respondent last resided.
- \_\_\_\_ Other: {*explain*} \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2. The age of Respondent is [Choose only **one**] ( ) known {*enter age*} \_\_\_\_\_ **or** ( ) unknown.

### 3. Respondent's current residence

[Choose only one]

- a. \_\_\_\_\_Respondent's current residence is unknown to me.
- b. \_\_\_\_\_Respondent's current residence is in some state or country other than Florida.
- c. \_\_\_\_\_The Respondent, having residence in Florida, has been absent from Florida for more than 60 days prior to the date of this affidavit, or conceals him/her self so that process cannot be served personally upon him or her, and I believe there is no person in the state upon whom service of process would bind this absent or concealed Respondent.

4.	Respondent's last known a	ddress as of {date}			, was:
	AddressCity		State	Zip	
	Telephone No	·			
	Respondent's last known employment, as of <i>{date}</i>				
	Name of Employer	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Address	City	State	Zip	
	Telephone No	Fax No	·		

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have read this document and the facts stated in it are true.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Petitioner
Printed Name:
Address:
City, State, Zip:
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
E-mail Address(es):

## IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for: {choose only one} \_\_\_\_ Petitioner \_\_\_\_ Respondent This form was completed with the assistance of: {name of individual} \_\_\_\_\_, {name of business} \_\_\_\_\_, {address} \_\_\_\_\_, {state} \_\_\_\_, {zip code} \_\_\_\_, {telephone number} \_\_\_\_\_.

#### LIST OF CONFIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS

#### "THE LIST OF 22"

- 1. **DEPENDENCY** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(i)): Includes termination of parental rights, guardians ad litem, child abuse, neglect, and abandonment Access: Child, parents, attorney for child, court-appointed guardians, SAO, law enforcement, DCF.
- 2. **ADOPTION FILES** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(ii)), FS 63.162: Provide access in accordance with the Matrix, which is part of the Florida Supreme Court AO and is, therefore, a court order that complies with the statute limiting access without a court order. This applies to open cases. On closed cases, a court order is required to view records as the attorney of record is automatically dismissed 30 days after it is closed.
- 3. SSN, BANK ACCT, CHARGE, DEBIT & CREDIT CARD #s (2.420(d)(1)(B)(iii)): Access: Parties, attorneys of record.
- 4. **HIV** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(iv)): Includes test results and ID of any person upon whom an HIV test has been performed. Access: Test subject and his/her attorney ONLY. Any other parties cannot see HIV test results.
- 5. **SEXUALLY TRANSMISSIBLE DISEASES** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(v)): Records including test results held by DOH or its authorized representatives. Access: Test subject, attorneys of record, medical/state agencies in medical emergencies for benefit of law enforcement, firefighters etc.
- 6. **BIRTH AND DEATH RECORDS** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(vi)): Birth and portions of death and fetal death records. ACCESS: Parties, attorneys of record.
- 7. **PREGNANCY TERMINATION BY MINOR** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(vii)): Information that can be used to identify a minor petitioning for a waiver of parental notice when seeking to terminate pregnancy. Access: Petitioner, petitioner's attorney. Parents of petitioner ARE NOT allowed access!
- BAKER ACT RECORDS (2.420(d)(1)(B)(viii)): Clinical records in Baker Act cases. Access: Patient, patient's attorney, patient's court-appointed guardian or court-appointed guardian advocate, SAO.
- 9. **SUBSTANCE ABUSE RECORDS** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(ix)): Records of substance abuse providers that pertain to the identity, diagnosis, and prognosis of and service provision to individuals. Access: Patient, attorney of record, medical personnel in medical emergencies.
- 10. **CLINICAL RECORDS** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(x)): For Defendant in criminal case found incompetent to proceed or acquitted by reason of insanity. Access: Patient, patient's court-appointed legal guardian, patient's attorney, law enforcement, SAO, defense attorneys of record, judges, jail personnel, community services re follow up care.
- 11. **ESTATE INVENTORIES AND ACCOUNTINGS** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(xi)): Access: Court-appointed personal representatives and their attorneys and other attorneys of record.
- 12. **DOMESTIC VIOLENCE** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(xii)): Victim's address upon request by victim/petitioner. Access: Petitioner and petitioner's attorney only. Respondent is not to have access even though he/she is a party!
- CHILD ABUSE & SEXUAL OFFENSES (2.420(d)(1)(B)(xiii)): Victim Identification
  information. <u>Sexual Offenses</u> include Sexual Battery (FS 794), Lewdness, Indecent Exposure (FS
  800), Child Abuse, Aggravated Child Abuse (FS 827), Sexual Performance by a Child, Obscenity
  (FS 847). <u>Information to be redacted (ADULT & MINOR Victims)</u>: Photograph, Name, Home
  and/or Employment Address, Home and/or Employment Phone Numbers. <u>In addition, MINOR
  VICTIMS of sexual offenses are entitled to have the following redacted</u>: Videotapes of the victim,

School, Church, Place of Employment Addresses and Telephone Numbers. Access: Parties, attorneys of record, SAO, law enforcement.

- 14. GESTATIONAL SURROGACY (2.420(d)(1)(B)(xiv)): Access: Parties, attorneys of record.
- 15. GUARDIANSHIP (2.420(d)(1)(B)(xv)): Reports and orders appointing Court Monitors. Access: <u>Guardianship reports</u>: To court-appointed guardian and guardian's attorney of record, ward (unless a minor or incapacitated) and ward's attorney. <u>Orders appointing Court Monitors and orders relating to findings of no probable cause in GA cases</u>: Only by court order.
- 16. **GRAND JURY RECORDS** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(xvi)): Access: Only by court order. Also see, <u>Informal AGO</u> <u>issued on September 8, 1995</u>, determining that the names and addresses of grand jurors are privileged as part of the record of the grand jury proceedings.
- 17. FAMILY SERVICES FOR CHILDREN (CINS/FINS cases) (2.420(d)(1)(B)(xvii)): Access: Parties, attorneys of record.
- 18. JUVENILE DELINQUENCY (2.420(d)(1)(B)(xviii)): Access: Parties, attorneys of record, SAO, military representative with an original signed waiver of the defendant (always make a copy of the waiver for the file.) This includes protecting sexting violations by minors under FS 847.0141(1), which require a "promise to appear before the juvenile court," per 985.0301, which adds noncriminal violations assigned to juvenile court by law to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. If these cases are not filed in the Juvenile division, then they will need to be identified and separately protected.
- 19. **TUBERCULOSIS** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(xix)): Records disclosing the identity of persons subject to tuberculosis proceedings and records held by DOH or its authorized representatives relating to know or suspected cases of tuberculosis or exposure. Access: NO ONE has access without a court order. Access can be given by Court Order to those not allowed access by statute. In that case, identify the Court Order, check ID for that person and make a copy of the person's ID for the file before allowing access.
- 20. **PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION REPORTS (PSIs)** (2.420(d)(1)(B)(xx)): Complete PSI reports. Access: Sentencing Court, SAO, defendant, and defendant's attorney. Fla. R. Crim. Proc. 3.712 also allows viewing to persons or agencies having a legitimate interest in the information in the PSI, which could include a probation officer. Requests made under this provision will need to be addressed on a case-by-case basis.
- 21. **FORENSIC BEHAVIORAL HEALTH EVALUATIONS** under FS <u>916.1065</u>, for defendants charged with felony and found to be incompetent to proceed, including competency, substance abuse, psychosexual, psychological, psychiatric, psychosocial, cognitive impairment, sanity, or other mental health evaluation individual. Access: Parties, attorneys of record.
- 22. <u>DRUG COURT REPORTS, including reports regarding eligibility screening, substance abuse</u> screening, behavioral health evaluations, and treatment status reports for defendants referred to or considered for referral to a drug court program. FS 397.334(10)(a). Access: Parties, attorneys of record.

#### DOCUMENTS PROTECTED IN RULE 2.420(c)(6)

Rule 2.420(d)(1) protects information in (d)(1)(B), which is the list of 22, but also protects information in (d)(1)(A), which includes the records in 2.420(c)(1)-(6). The records in (c)(1)-(5) are primarily records in the hands of court administration or individual judges, such as judge's notes on a file. However, clerks hold search warrants and arrest warrants covered in 2.420(c)(6). Rule 2.420(b)(4) allows confidential information released to those designated by law, statute, or court order.

1. **Arrest Warrants** are confidential until executed or until law enforcement determines they cannot be executed. Access: state attorney (authorized to view confidential information per

Access Security Matrix) and bail bond agents (FS 903.26(2)(c) requires clerk to provide certified copy of warrant to bail bond agent if there is a bond forfeiture).

2. **Search Warrants** are confidential until executed or until law enforcement determines they cannot be executed.

#### DOCUMENTS PROTECTED BY MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

- 3. Criminal History Records, which are filed in Name Change and Guardianship cases.
- 4. Driver information received from DHSMV that is protected by the DPPA: the driver identification number (driver's license number), address, telephone number, and medical or disability information. Information related to vehicular crashes, driving violations, driver's status, or vehicle ownership or liens are not protected. The MOU protects information DHSMV is required to protect by statute.
  - a. FS 119.0712 protects any record that pertains to a motor vehicle operator's permit, motor vehicle title, motor vehicle registration or identification card issued by DHSMV.
  - b. FS 316.066 protects crash reports that reveal the identity, home or employment telephone number or home or employment address of, or other personal information concerning the parties involved in the crash for 60 days after the referenced crash.
  - c. Information from DHSMV records that is used to create new documents does not remain confidential. AGO 2010-10. For example, the clerk can obtain vehicle ownership information from DHSMF and generate as a notice to lienholders or non-defendant owners of a vehicle being impounded due to a DUI conviction. The notice and the name and address on the notice are not confidential information.
  - d. A driver license filed in a court case by parties or other persons is not subject to the MOU, because it is not information received from DHSMV, so it is not confidential.
  - e. A traffic citation filed in a case is not confidential, even though it contains information that would otherwise be protected if received from DHSMV, because our office did not receive it from DHSMV.

#### DOCUMENTS SEALED BY COURT ORDER

- 1. Examples of documents required to be sealed
  - a. Wire applications, FS 934.098(8)(c) (court required to seal)
  - b. Jimmy Ryce reports, FS 394.921(2)(shall be sealed)
- 2. Examples of documents courts may seal or restrict viewing
  - a. Photo, video, audio of killing, FS 406.135(7) & (8) (criminal proceeding exempt, but court may restrict disclosure
  - b. Photo, video, audio of killing of law enforcement, FS 406.136(c) (criminal proceeding exempt, but court may restrict disclosure

#### OTHER DOCUMENTS NOT PROTECTED BY LIST OF 22

- 1. <u>Attorney Fee Contingency Contracts</u> under R. Reg. Fla Bar 4-1.5(f)(4). This is not Type I information identified in the List of 22. The rule allows the party to ask the court to seal the documents. The attorneys ordinarily include in the motion a request to have both the motion and order sealed.
- 2. <u>Criminal investigative information</u> under 119.071(2)(c). This is not Type I information identified in the List of 22.
- 3. <u>Federal Tax Returns</u>, FS 192.105(1), 26 USC 6103. This is not Type I information identified in the List of 22. Since clerks have not obtained federal tax information pursuant to 26 USC 6103,

which regulates entities such as federal or state agencies who obtain these records as part of their official duties (e.g., IRS tax agents) or are officers of companies or are shareholders who are entitled to receive copies of such returns (financial officers, etc.). The statutes do not apply to people who voluntarily file their returns or file tax information. Some clerks have this docket code set to VOR to ensure confidential exemptions required by Rule 2.420(d) are redacted as tax returns may have SSNs and bank account numbers.

- 4. <u>Fingerprints</u>, FS 119.071(5)(g). This is not Type I information identified in the List of 22. See Fred Baggett Memo of July 26, 2006, at the end of the exhibit, which determines that this statutory provision does not apply to court records, since only the court can regulate its own records.
- 5. <u>Guardian ad litem reports</u> not filed in chapter 39 cases—there no authority to protect these.
- 6. <u>Hospital Records</u>, FS 395.3025(4)(5)(7)(8). Statute applies to "any licensed facility," not clerks handling court cases. These are patient records in the hands of the hospital, provisions allow the hospitals to turn records over to DCF, DOH, etc., and, again, has no applicability to such records filed in a court case. It is be up to the filer to ask the court to determine that records are confidential. [Trying to protect such records is a heavy burden on clerks to read each document to see if it is a medical record that is from a hospital and should be protected.]
- 7. Juror Notes. These are written notes taken by jurors during civil or criminal trials and are considered administrative records of the judicial branch, rather than court records, per the Judicial Branch Records Retention Schedule for Administrative Records in the Appendix to the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration. Fla. R. Jud. Admin. 2.430(k) provides that, at the conclusion of the trial and promptly following discharge of the jury, the court shall collect all juror notes and immediately destroy them. The Retention Schedule similarly provides that juror notes are to be immediately destroyed upon the issuance of a verdict or if the trial ends prematurely as a result of a mistrial, plea, or settlement. Fla. Stat. 40.50(2) also contemplates that, after a civil jury has rendered its verdict, juror notes are to be collected by the bailiff or the clerk and promptly destroyed. If, despite the foregoing, a court does not destroy juror notes or allow their destruction, it is recommended that the clerk's office discuss the foregoing with the court and explain that, while juror notes are confidential records of the judicial branch, see Fla. Stat. 40.50(2), they are not technically court records, much less the type of court records that the clerk is required to designate and maintain as confidential pursuant to Fla. R. Jud. Admin. 2.420(d)(1)(B) (i.e., the "List of 22"). Thus, if a court insists that they be made part of a court file and the court does not want them to be made public, the court will need to order that they either be sealed or kept confidential for the clerk to maintain them as either sealed or confidential.
- 8. Juror Questions. Fla. Stat. 40.50(4) requires the court in civil cases to instruct the jury that any questions directed to witnesses or the court must be in writing, unsigned, and given to the bailiff. If the court determines that the question calls for admissible evidence, the question may be asked by the court or counsel in the court's discretion. If the court determines the question calls for inadmissible evidence, the question may not be read or answered. Written juror questions are not referenced in either the Judicial Branch Records Retention Schedule for Administrative Records or Fla. R. Jud. Admin. 2.420, and it is not clear from FS 40.50(4) what is to be done with written juror questions once they have been reviewed by the court. In the absence of any such directive or guidance, it is recommended that, if a court does not destroy the written juror questions and routes them to the clerk's office for keeping, then discuss with the court the fact that, irrespective of whether they are court records, written juror questions are not among the types of court records that the clerk is required to designate and maintain as confidential pursuant to Fla. R. Jud. Admin. 2.420(d)(1)(B) (i.e., the "List of 22"). Thus, if a court wants them to be made part of a court file and does not want them to be made public, the court

will need to order that they either be sealed or kept confidential for the clerk to maintain them as either sealed or confidential.

- 9. <u>Mediation reports</u>, FS 44.102(3). This is not Type I information identified in the List of 22. A mediation report is not a "written communication in a mediation proceeding." A mediation report is either a report that the case did not settle or is a settlement agreement that is not confidential. The mediator or the parties keep any other mediation communications (presettlement discussions or papers that might include some admissions or damaging information) that were used in the mediation process and do not file them.
- 10. Medical records. Not on the List of 22. HIPAA does not apply to court records.
- 11. <u>Paternity DNA test results</u>, FS 760.40(2)(a). Paternity DNA test results are not Type I information identified in the List of 22. Regardless of how the statute is interpreted, since every exemption statute was considered by the rules committee recommending the 2.420 list and this did not make it on the list, clerks cannot automatically seal these records, as this determination is reserved for the court. However, if a paternity DNA test was recorded in the Official Record, a request for removal should be accommodated. Note that the statute itself exempts results in criminal prosecution and paternity cases by using "AND" to both allow consent to testing and make the results public, which explains why the committee did not add it to the "List."
- 12. <u>Photo, video audio of autopsy</u>, FS 406.135(7) & (8). This is not Type I information identified in the List of 22. Per the statute, this exemption applies to records held by a medical examiner. In addition, these records are not exempt in criminal proceedings, but the court may restrict disclosure.
- 13. <u>Photo, video audio of killing of law enforcement</u>, FS 406.136(c). This is not Type I information identified in the List of 22. Per the statute, these are not exempt in criminal proceedings, but the court may restrict disclosure.
- 14. <u>Nurse (Identity) Disciplinary Records</u> FS 464.018(1)(j). This is not Type I information identified in the List of 22. This statute requires the department to identify the respondent by initials in any public court records or documents, and it would be up to the department to make sure the proceedings are closed to the public, this is between the court and the department, not the clerk.
- 15. 2017 LEGISLATION:
  - a. <u>Witness to a murder</u>: Information that reveals the identity of a witness to a murder is confidential for two years after the date on which the murder is observed by the witness, but <u>may</u> be disclosed by a criminal justice agency. HB 111.
  - b. <u>DV Injunction Petitions</u>: On or after July 1, 2017, a petition for injunction for domestic violence, repeat violence, dating violence, sexual violence, stalking, or cyberstalking is confidential, if the petition is dismissed or denied (?). A respondent may request that a petition be made confidential if the dismissal happened before July 1, 2017. HB 239..
  - c. <u>Marchman Act</u>: Pleadings and other documents, and the images of all pleadings and other documents, in court involved involuntary admissions proceedings under the Marchman Act confidential. HB 791.

IN THE COUNTY/CIRCUIT COURT	۲, JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	Γ, JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, , FLORIDA
Plaintiff/Petitioner,	
v.	Case #:
Defendant/Respondent.	
	AL INFORMATION WITHIN COURT FILING
	Administration 2.420(d)(2), I hereby certify that:
	ontaining confidential information as described in Rule
2.420(d)(1)(B) and:	
a. The title/type of document is:	; and
b The entire document is confi	
information within the docu	ument is precisely located at:
OR	
	n this case that contains confidential information as
	ce of Confidential Information within Court Filing was not
	al information was not maintained as confidential by the
Clerk. I hereby notify the Clerk that this con	fidential information is located as follows:
a. Title/type of document:	
d. Docket entry number:	
eEntire document is confident document:	ial, OR Precise location of confidential information in
HEPERY CERTIEV that a conv of the for	egoing was furnished by email/delivery/mail/fax
	, on
	, 011
	Signature
	Name:
	Address:
	Phone:
	Florida Bar #, if applicable:
	Email address:
<b>Note:</b> The clerk of court shall review filings	identified as containing confidential information to
determine whether the information is facia	lly subject to confidentiality under subdivision (d)(1)(B). The
, .	days if the clerk determines that the information is NOT
subject to confidentiality, and the records s	hall not be held as confidential for more than 10 days, unless

a motion is filed pursuant to subdivision (d)(3) of Rule 2.420.

# IN THE COUNTY/CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Plaintiff,

٧.

Case #: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ is required to

Defendant.

#### MOTION TO DETERMINE THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF TRIAL COURT RECORDS

The undersigned, by and through his/her attorney, moves the Court pursuant to Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.420 for an order determining the confidentiality of court records.

a. The undersigned's attorney has given written notice of the subject motion to all affected nonparties \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and filed copies of the notice provided. The notice identified this case by docket number; described the confidential information with as much specificity as possible without revealing the confidential information, including the "precise location" of the information in the file/record; and advised that if the motion is denied by the court then the subject material will not be treated as confidential by the Clerk.

b. The particular court records or portion of a record that the movant seeks to have determined as confidential are:

с.	The movant seeks an order sealing the following information relative to this case: [select all that
apply]	

The party's name on the progress docket.

] particular documents within the court file, specifically \_\_\_\_\_\_

] the entire court file, but not the progress docket.

the entire court file and the progress docket.

d. The legal basis for determining the court records to be confidential is:

e. The specific legal authority and applicable legal standards for determining such court records to be confidential are: \_\_\_\_\_\_

f. [For rule 2.420(c)(9) motions] Confidentiality of \_\_\_\_\_\_

protect the following interest(s): [select any/all that apply]

- - 2. A trade secret.
  - ] 3. A compelling government interest, specifically: \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - ] 4. Obtaining evidence to determine the legal issues in a case;
- 5. Avoiding substantial injury to innocent third parties, specifically:

6. Avoiding substantial injury to a party by the disclosure of matters protected by a common law or privacy right not generally inherent in this type of proceeding, specifically:

7. Complying with established public policy set forth in the Florida or United States Constitution or statutes or Florida rules or case law, specifically:

g. There is no less restrictive measure available to protect this/these interest(s), and the degree, duration and manner of confidentiality ordered herein are no broader than necessary to protect the interest(s).

Wherefore, the undersigned **REQUESTS** that:

The Court \_\_\_\_\_\_ this motion for a hearing.

The Court finds that \_\_\_\_\_\_ documents are confidential and for the Court to seal the following

materials related to this matter and to keep such materials from public access: [select all that apply]

1. The party's name on the progress docket and in the case style. On the public progress docket, the Clerk of the Circuit Court shall substitute the following for the party's name:

\_\_\_\_\_. Further, the Clerk shall ensure that the party's name is redacted from all public materials in the file and that the final judgment is recorded in a manner that does not reveal the identity of the party. However, the progress docket and the file shall otherwise remain available to the public.

2. The following documents within the court file: \_\_\_\_\_\_

However, the file and progress docket shall otherwise remain available to the public subject to any substitution of a party's name set forth above.

- 3. The entire court file. However, the progress docket shall remain open to the public subject to any substitution of a party's name set forth above.
- 4. The entire court file and the progress docket. The progress docket shall not be available on any public information system. However, the case number shall remain public.

I certify that this motion is made in good faith and is supported by a sound factual and legal basis. Submitted and filed on \_\_\_\_\_.

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing was furnished by e-mail/U.S. Mail/personal service on to: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_to: \_\_\_\_\_\_to:

#### Party/Attorney's Signature

Attorney Name
Florida Bar No
Address
Phone
E-mail

#### IN THE COUNTY/CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_COUNTY, FLORIDA

\_\_\_\_,

Plaintiff,

٧.

Case #:\_\_\_\_\_

Defendant.

# ORDER ON MOTION TO DETERMINE TRIAL COURT RECORDS CONFIDENTIAL PURSUANT TO FLORIDA RULE OF JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATION 2.420(C)(9)

by_	<b>THIS MATTER</b> is before the Court on the Motion to Determine Trial Court Records Confidential filed
Adr	ninistration seeks an order sealing the following
info	prmation relative to this case: [select all that apply]
	the party's name on the progress docket. particular documents within the court file, specifically
	the entire court file, but not the progress docket.
_	the entire court file and the progress docket.
This	s motion contested and a hearing conducted.
	Having considered the arguments of the parties, legal authority, and otherwise being fully advised, Court <b>DENIES</b> the motion because the moving party has failed to establish that confidentiality of the prmation sought to be sealed is necessary to protect any interest under Rule 2.420(c). – <b>OR</b> –
The	e Court <b>GRANTS</b> the motion as follows:
	Confidentiality of the [information sought to be sealed] is required to protect the following erest(s): [select any/all that apply]
	a. Preventing a serious and imminent threat to the fair, impartial, and orderly administration of justice, specifically:
	b. A trade secret.
	c. A compelling government interest, specifically:
	d. Obtaining evidence to determine the legal issues in a case;
	e. Avoiding substantial injury to innocent third parties, specifically:
	f. Avoiding substantial injury to a party by the disclosure of matters protected by a common law or privacy right not generally inherent in this type of proceeding, specifically:
	g. Complying with established public policy set forth in the Florida or United States Constitution or statutes or Florida rules or case law, specifically:

2. The Court further finds that no less restrictive measure is available to protect this/these interest(s), and that the degree, duration and manner of confidentiality ordered herein are no broader than necessary to protect the interest(s).

Wherefore, it is **ORDERED** that:

The Clerk of the Circuit Court is hereby directed to seal immediately the following materials related to this matter and to keep such materials from public access: [select all that apply]

1. The party's name on the progress docket and in the case style. On the public progress docket, the Clerk of the Circuit Court shall substitute the following for the party's name:

\_\_\_\_\_. Further, the Clerk shall ensure that the party's name is redacted from all public materials in the file and that the final judgment is recorded in a manner that does not reveal the identity of the party. However, the progress docket and the file shall otherwise remain available to the public.

2. The following documents within the court file: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_. However, the file and progress

docket shall otherwise remain available to the public subject to any substitution of a party's name set forth above.

- 3. The entire court file. However, the progress docket shall remain open to the public subject to any substitution of a party's name set forth above.
- 4. The entire court file and the progress docket. The progress docket shall not be available on any public information system. However, the case number shall remain public.

It is further **ORDERED** that any materials sealed pursuant to this Order shall be conditionally disclosed upon the entry of a further order by this Court finding that such opening is necessary for purposes of judicial or governmental accountability or First Amendment rights.

It is further **ORDERED** that any materials sealed pursuant to this Order may otherwise be disclosed only as follows:

- A. to any judge of this Circuit for case-related reasons;
- B. to the Chief Judge or his or her designee;
- C. to adult parties or their attorneys of record; or
- D. by further order of the Court.

It is further **ORDERED** that, within 10 days of the date of this Order, the Clerk shall post a copy of this Order on the bulletin board of the Leon County Clerk's Office and the Clerk's website for a period of 30 days to provide public notice.

It is further **ORDERED** that the Clerk is hereby authorized to unseal any materials sealed pursuant to this Order for the purpose of filing, microfilming or imaging files, or transmitting a record to an appellate tribunal. The materials shall be resealed immediately upon completion of the filing.

DONE AND ORDERED in Chambers, at Leon County, Florida, on \_\_\_\_\_

County/Circuit Judge

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing was furnished by e-mail/U.S. Mail/personal service to:

\_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_

Judicial Assistant

#### IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR CLAY COUNTY, FLORIDA

Petitioner,

CASE NO.: DIVISION:

vs.

Respondent.

#### DESIGNATION OF E-MAIL ADDRESS BY A PARTY NOT REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY

Pursuant to Florida Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.516(b)(1)(c), I, \_\_\_\_\_\_, designate the e-mail address(es) below for electronic service of all documents related to this case.

By completing this form, I am authorizing the court, clerk of court, and all parties to send copies of notices, orders, judgments, motions, pleadings, or other written communications to me by e-mail through the Florda Courts E-filing Portal.

I understand that I must keep the clerk's office and the opposing party or parties notified of my current e-mail address(es) and that all copies of notices, orders, judgments, motions, pleadings, or other written communications in this case will be served at the e-mail address(es) on record at the clerk's office.

(Designated e-mail address)

(Secondary designated e-mail address(es), if any)

(Certificate of Service on the following page)

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

mail	I HEREBY CERTIFY t							_
		(0	ther part	ties name/a	address)		 	,
this _	day of			_, 20	·			
				Si	gnature			
				$\overline{\Pr}$	inted name			
				E-	mail addres	S		
				A	ldress			
				Ph	one numbe	r	 	